REPORT OF COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS (CSO)

AT

Waterloo Sanitary Treatment Plant Waterloo, IA

NPDES NO: IA 0042650

February 18-19, 2004

BY U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region VII Environmental Services Division

INTRODUCTION ·

At the request of the NPDES and Facilities Management Branch, Water Wetlands and Pesticides Division, I performed a Combined Sewer Outfalls (CSO) at the Waterloo Sanitary Treatment Plant in Waterloo, IA on February 18-19, 2004. The inspection was authorized by Section 308(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended. This inspection is part of a national survey of randomly selected CSO sites within the United States. This national survey will determine the degree of compliance across the nation in relation to the CSO regulations. This narrative report presents the findings of the inspection.

PARTICIPANTS

Waterloo Waste Management Service Department

Tim Shea, Superintendent
Larry Smith, Assistant Manager
Keith Kearns, Plant Operations Manager
Roseann Cory, Pretreatment Coordinator
Dennis Gentz, Assistant City Engineer
Eric Thorson, City Engineer
Howard Schmitz, City Crew
Stan Seda, City Crew
Paul Hirsch, City Crew

Earth Tech

Bob Bamsey, Engineering Consultant to the city

Iowa Department of Natural Resources
Mike Wade, Environmental Scientist

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Margie St. Germain, Environmental Engineer
Tony Petruska, (observer)

PROCEDURES

I arrived, announced, at the Waterloo Sanitary Treatment Plant on February 18, 2004 at 1:30 pm. I introduced myself and Tony Petruska to Tim Shea and his staff, presented my credentials, and explained the purpose and procedures of the inspection. These included 1) completing the Combined Sewer System Inspection checklist (Attachment A, 10 pages and supporting documents); 2) a facility walk-through including two pump stations and all combined sewer outfalls; and 3) a check of the self-monitoring records.

The procedures I used were documented in the following Standard Operating Procedure: SOP 2332.1B, NPDES Compliance Evaluation Inspection.

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The City of Waterloo operates a wastewater treatment complex. See Attachment B for a map of the complex where highlighted areas are not in operation. This complex includes two equalization basins, the domestic and commercial treatment process (Easton Avenue), and the satellite industrial process. At the time of the inspection, the equalization basins were empty, and the satellite industrial process was off-line.

Wastewater is received at the plant through two lines. The industrial waste from the northeast section of town is directed to the satellite plant, and the remaining waste is directed to the Easton Avenue plant.

The industrial wastewater is pretreated prior to the plant. The wastewater flows arriving at the industrial satellite plant can be diverted to the Easton Avenue plant or treated at the satellite plant. Flows into the satellite plant are pumped and grit is removed. From the headworks, it is pumped to the magnesium hydroxide building and ultimately to the two two-pass aeration basins. The flows from the aeration basins enter into four final clarifiers. The final discharge then goes into a Parshall flume for flow metering and a monitoring channel prior to combining with the effluent from Easton Avenue Plant.

The Easton Avenue Plant has been going through several upgrades over the last ten years. Basically, the flow enters at the headworks where it is treated by two traveling bar screens. Rags and screenings are currently loaded into a garbage truck and taken to the Blackhawk County Landfill for disposal. The garbage truck can be parked inside the headworks building. After the headworks, the flows can be diverted to the satellite plant or to the equalization basins, if the flows are greater than the Easton Avenue Plant can handle. Flows to the Easton Avenue Plant continue to the two primary clarifiers, with two additional primary clarifiers in standby. Flows continue to four single-pass aeration basins, and then to three secondary clarifiers. One additional secondary clarifier was in standby. The flows continue on through a Parshall flume, and joins the satellite plant flow prior to the river.

Sludge from the primary clarifiers goes to the TAS building for dewatering. Sludge from the secondary and final clarifiers goes to the Return Activated Sludge (RAS) building. Sludges are either returned to the aeration basins or treated. Sludge then is treated in six digesters. Four digesters are operated as primary digesters and two are operated as secondary digesters. The

digested sludge is then thickened and filter pressed to approximately 17% solids. The City of Waterloo generates about 55 tons of solids per day, five days per week.

The effluent at the river typically continues into the diffuser line which crosses the river, allowing for several small streams of effluent to be dispersed across the river's flow. When the river stage is greater than 5.65 feet, the diffusers close due to head pressure, and the effluent is diverted to the old effluent channel.

During rain events when flows are high, water is diverted to the two equalization basins. The first basin is used as a settling basin, while the second basin provides additional holding time. If the high flows continue, the equalization basin will have an effluent that discharges to a stream and continues on to the river. Effluent water quality is determined by collecting a daily grab each day of the effluent flow. When flows subside, the remaining water in the basins are redirected through the plant for treatment. Water quality from the equalization basin typically meets the effluent criteria.

The City of Waterloo was a combined storm and sewer community. The city has eliminated all the outfalls along the river, and is systematically removing combined lines. Attachment C is a map of the city. The orange highlighted area was a combined line area, and has been mostly separated as part of the Road Reconstruction Project. The green highlighted area is still a combined line area, with separation to occur concurrently with any road reconstruction. The remaining three combined sewer outfalls identified by the city were inspected and found not to be CSOs. See the inspection notes in Attachment D. Approximately 17% of the 352 miles of sewer lines are combined lines without any outfalls.

FINDINGS AND OBSERVATIONS

The following findings were discussed with Tim Shea and his staff during the exit meeting on February 19, 2004 at 11:30 am.

- 1. The city staff and management have obviously stressed preventive maintenance strategies. They stressed it was easier to care for equipment before critical failures, even to the point of bragging of being caught up with all the work orders. After reviewing the outstanding work orders, approximately 100, it appears that most of the outstanding work orders were periodic checks and non-priority repairs.
- 2. The permit did not match the design of the combined sewer system. Attachment E contains the current permit. Namely the Combined Sewer outfalls were not part of the combined sewer system. Outfall 002, 60 inch line ahead of bar screen, was closed, abandonded, and not used (as documented by the city, and requested of the state). Outfall 004, Hackett Road Lift Station, is a sanitary sewer lift station with no combined lines flowing into it. There is a serious inflow problem at this station which is observed when the river elevation is high, the ground is saturated, and there is rainfall. This is an Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO). Outfall 010, the Equalization Basins, is not a CSO because flow comes into the plant through the headworks before being diverted to the equalization basins during high rainfall events. This outfall is within the plant structure, and is considered a bypass with primary treatment. Even though some combined lines remain within older sections of the city, all combined flows are directed to the plant without an opportunity for diversion or overflow. Mike Wade, IDNR, suggested that the

city make a formal request to modify the permit to show the actual design of the plant. Attachment F summarizes the Nine Minimum Controls as well as the justification for removing Waterloo from the CSO Community list. Attachment G is the Guidelines for Bypass Reporting and Response provided by Mike Wade of IDNR.

3. The effluent sample was being collected from the Easton plant in a chiller just prior to the Parshall flume. A book was on top of the chiller which recorded the temperature of the chiller and the technician reading the temperature. The last recorded date was December 30, 2003. The temperature of the chiller was 7°C, not the method required 4°C.

NOTE: The sample was not collected following the methods specifications listed in 40 CFR 136. Because documentation was not available, it is unknown how many samples since December 30, 2003 were collected inappropriately.

- 4. The meters measuring the flows at the Parshall flumes have not been calibrated. The meters are HydroRangers. According to the operation manual for the equipment, the readings are within 2% of actual, or else an error code appears on the screen. Larry Smith indicated that they have never had a problem with the accuracy of the units. I recommended that they do a simple verification of the reading by comparing a measuring stick reading with the meter reading once a year. This would provide additional assurance that the meters were functioning appropriately.
- 5. The sewer line cleaning is performed on all lines at least once every five years, according to Larry Smith. A map is hanging on the wall of the crew supervisor which has lines marked that have been cleaned. Within the last 6-9 months, the line cleaning has been switched over to the computer system. It was not easily determined if all lines had been cleaned within the last five years, or if any given line had been cleaned at least once within the last five years.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. The city should request modifications to the permit to accurately show the plant and system's design, and to show the city is not a combined sewer system (CSS).
- 2. The city should correct the refrigeration unit which collects the effluent sample, and provide documentation of its operation.
- 3. The city should calibrate the meters at the Parshall flumes on a regular basis or during startup to verify proper operation.
- 4. The city should continue adding the sewer line cleaning to their computer program for ease of tracking the five-year cleaning schedule.

Margaret E. Wickham St. Germain, EIT

Environmental Engineer

Activity No. MSG42

Date: 43/04

Attachments:

1. Attachment A: Statistically Valid Noncompliance Rate Project—Combined Sewer System Inspection Checklist with attachments (45 pages)

Attachment A1: Request to eliminate Outfall 002 (1 page)

Attachment A2: Collection System Summary (1 page)

Attachment A3: Example Work order with instructions (1 page)

Attachment A4: Example Work Order for Lift Station inspections (4 pages)

Attachment A5: Equalization Basin Overflow Sample Analysis (2 pages)

Attachment A6: Map of WWTP Complex obtained from computer system(1page)

Attachment A7: Map of city with Local Flood Protection (1 page)

Attachment A8: Summary of complaint logs (1 page)

Attachment A9: List of Attendees for Inspection (1 page)

- 2. Attachment B: WWTP Map with operable units (1 page)
- 3. Attachment C: Waterloo Sewer Map (1 map size page)
- 4. Attachment D: Inspection notes (9 pages)
- 5. Attachment E: NPDES Permit # IA0042650 and last inspection (25 pages).

Waterloo Photos-February 18-19,2004

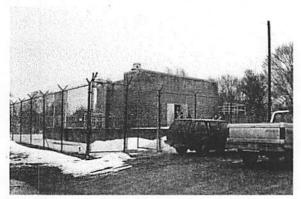


Photo1: Hawkeye Lift Station, exterior.



Photo 3: North Hackett Lift Station, exterior, Outfall 004.



Photo 5: North Hackett Lift Station, Signage on door.

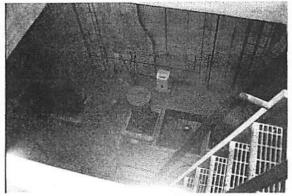


Photo 2: Hawkeye Lift Station, three HLS Pumps in a dry pit.



Photo 4: North Hackett Lift Station, Bypass pump into 150,000 gallon tank prior to bypass.

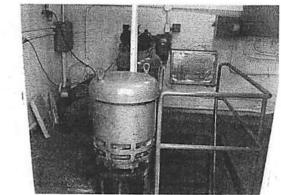


Photo 6: North Hackett Lift Station, two pumps.



Photo 7: North Hackett Lift Station, top of overflow tank.

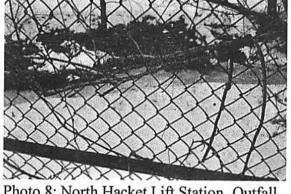


Photo 8: North Hacket Lift Station, Outfall pipe—green pipe near the center of the photo.



Photo 9: North Hackett Lift Station, same view as Photo 8, but from the parking area in front of the lift station.



Photo10: North Hackett Lift Station, pump level operation sheet on control panel.



Photo 11: Douglas Lift Station, exterior.



Photo 12: Douglas Lift Station, interior.

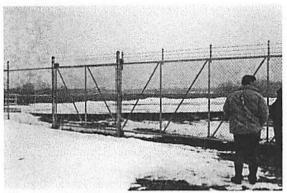


Photo 13: WWTP Equalization Basin.

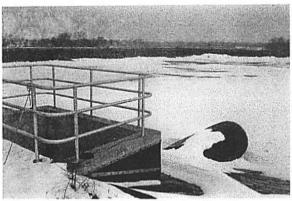


Photo 14: WWTP Equalization Basin outflow structure.

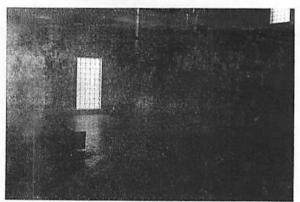


Photo 15: Easton Plant, Three Aeration blowers for Easton Plant, 800 HP.



Photo 16: Easton Plant Aeration Tanks

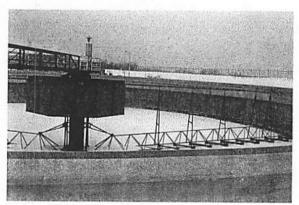


Photo 17: Easton Plant, empty primary clarifier

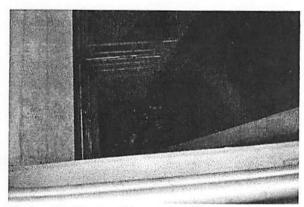


Photo 18: Easton Plant, traveling trash rack.

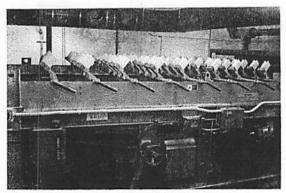


Photo 19: Easton Plant Sludge thickener.

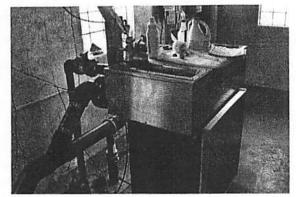


Photo 20: Easton Plant, Effluent sampler collecting a sample, with refrigeration temperature of 7 degrees Centigrade.

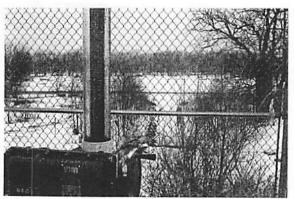


Photo 21: WWTP, Effluent discharge channel when river stage is greater than 5.65 feet.



Photo 22: WWTP, Diffuser effluent location—note melted snow in the left center of photo, and larger width expanding across the river.

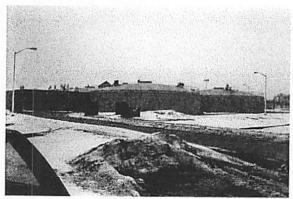


Photo 23: Easton Plant: Sludge digesters

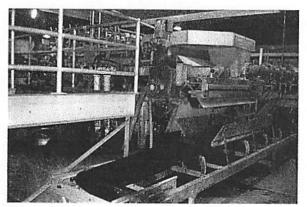


Photo 24: Easton Plant, Sludge filter press.

2/3/04 8AM

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM INSPECTION

1 of 12

CONTACT, PERMIT, AND SYSTEM CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION CONTACT INFORMATION

SCHIAOT IN CHIEFTON				
Waterlas STP FACILITY NAME Larry Smith CONTACT STAME 3505 Gaston, Waterlos - 1A Assistant Manager CONTACT STAME 319-241-4230-3806(PHONE NUMBER 291-4553 FAX NUMBER	<u>\$D70</u> 5 	DATE (PERMIT NO 9-10- PFISSUANC 9-09- OF EXPIRATION	<u>0</u> E ·07
PERMIT INFORMATION	YES	NO	N/A	SOURCE
What facilities does the permit cover? WWTP and CSOs CSO outfalls only		□ 12 ′	0	
How are Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) addressed in the permit?	_/	_		
NMCs are listed generically Facility-specific measures representing NMCs are required	12			
EPA guidance is incorporated by reference			₽, B	
Permit requires NMC plan be approved by the permitting authority	<u> </u>		Œ	
Permit does not include NMCs			Ø	
If submission of a NMC plan is required by the permit, has the plan been approved?		区		sert ne appreval
Does the permit authorize wet weather bypasses?—http://www.beach.kipu.byp	كلية		17. I	<u>(I)</u> zeme ((). _MGD
Is the facility under any administrative or judicial order to implement NMCs?		Ø		MGD
SYSTEM CHARACTERIZATION		_		α
Are partially treated effluents combined with fully treated flows prior to discharge?		Ø		,(<u>b</u>).
Number of permitted CSO outfalls:				1) reduced to 2
Length of pipeline in the collection system (all non-lateral lines): Percentage of this length that is separate sanitary sewer			<u>352</u> 83	miles
Percentage of this length that is combined storm water and sanitary sewer			17	_%
Number of pump stations in the system:		*	44	<u> </u>
Number of constructed overflows prior to the WWTP:			1	-
Are portions of the interceptors or other lines known or believed to be hydraulically	_	_	_	
overloaded or undersized? Are there locations known to experience basement flooding or other similar problems?	□ 127′	1		A
What information is available on maps kept on-site by the permittee:	12	ш		Jesten anence
All major interceptors and trunk sewers with pipe size and direction of flow	Ø			V
Laterals				
Pump stations				
Diversion chambers Designed CSO locations	Ø			Naroti Heckit
Flow meters		D Z		so have inc. 5.
Rain gauge stations	ă	Z	Ö	14465 C
Control structures (regulators, diversion structures, weirs, valves)	2 ′		ō	de from US63 - ion general Host
Water quality monitoring sites	□,			
Non-designed CSO locations	<u> </u>			2mankulus-0
Distinction between combined and separate areas Receiving streams				
Locations of telemetering devices	প্ৰচাৰ্থ			notwark siptem
CSO treatment facilities			ö	·
Environmentally sensitive areas				
Treatment plant location				
@ Do bypas ofthe pand. have good sawyle data for guale 6 combined at receiving stream, 2 outfalls with 3 of ea @ sanitary -23,182+-starm, 3abandonea 6 pretreatment + LS, industrial locations - parts & y	iz, vla In orta	n od a	ation of lifesex manhele	nutfall s-pump becaude slewis
(1) contraction of the 15 industrial lastians - Declaration			into e	studio
(1) previsionent + Co, inclusives incomo - partigley				

	STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM IN	SPECTION	NC	2 of 12	
	How many municipalities discharge to the collection system? How many with separate sewer systems? How many with combined sewer systems?			8	
	What treatment capacity is available at the WWTP? Design primary treatment capacity Design secondary treatment capacity Peak flow primary treatment capacity Peak flow secondary treatment capacity **TETTION BROWN EXPOURT.			7	MGD MGD— MGD MGD MGD
	Which parts of the collection system are owned by the permittee? All	Y			
	Pump stations Diversion chambers Sewer pipes (other than private laterals) CSO outfalls	2 0000		त्रव्य	-
	Which parts of the collection system are operated by the permittee? All	9	<u></u>		
	Pump stations Diversion chambers Sewer pipes (other than private laterals) CSO outfalls	0000	0000	व व व व	
	Does the permittee have legal agreements with other parties that require those parties to perform tasks required by the NPDES permit?	ø	0		©
	IMPLEMENTATION OF NINE MINIMUM CONTROLS				,
	I. PROPER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE A. General Does the permittee have an Operation and Maintenance (OSAN) Standard	نہ	_	_	
•	Does the permittee have an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan? If so, is the plan approved by the permitting authority? Does the permittee have a copy of the documentation required under the O&M plan? Does the permittee have a process for periodically revising the O&M plan? Does the O&M plan specify that some activities are performed by a separate legal entity? If so, does the permittee have documentation that those activities are being performed?	00000		a oooo b	-as party & Agrant wast order computer -
	B. Inspections Does the permittee inspect CSOs? If so, does the permittee inspect: CSO outfalls? Diversion chambers? Anti-Intrusion devices?	म् स् स्	0000;	0000	
Ř	How frequently are CSOs inspected? (e.g. daily, weekly, monthly) How frequently are pump stations inspected? Does the permittee have documentation of CSO inspections? Does the permittee have documentation of the pump station inspections?		W _{3 x}		- all sanitary
-	Does the permittee have records of collapsed and/or blocked sewers? Concline in Gyal Does the permittee conduct CCTV inspections of the collection system? If so, how many miles of sewer lines are inspected with CCTV annually? How many equivalent full time staff are dedicated to inspections?			- puny	miles (i) stations in sorte (3× auckie)
_(1) studge haraled by private contractor 14 Agreem	unts			mater)
	1) not for collection system, 5 gr rotating propound butter amy low in 1999, has tank = 158,745gh area sunch = 1 reconstruction, problem whire, travelescosting, location	278.5	ano		
_	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- •			

If not (no CCTV), how are collection system equipment malfunctions or other deficiencient	es identific	ed?			
Will the CCTV inspections eventually reach all major (i.e. non-lateral) lines in the system? How many years? C. Cleaning and Maintenance Does the permittee have a schedule for cleaning the sewer lines? For cleaning catch basins? How are cleaning frequencies for the sewer lines determined? 5 yr retation of lives, + resturated basis	년 년 년	<i>24</i>	.3 900		s+Cellin
Does the permittee have procedures for reducing solids deposition in the system? Does the permittee document sewer cleaning that has been performed? If so, does the documentation in any way differ from the permittee's schedule for cleaning Does the permittee exercise regulators according to a schedule? Are any regulators not functioning (e.g. rusted in place)? What is the procedure for documenting and correcting collection system deficiencies? Uniquity was Milk Milk Milks.	2 2 2 2 3 4 1 1	E santo	٥٥٥٥	eretrist remput	inint street Le leaving ut-sg-survi
How many complaints (re: basement backups, other discharges) are received annually? How are compaints addressed? On-call man 7/24 w/i 30 minutes, ledger — Disapater			-		
Is a computerized maintenance program used to track work orders? If so, is it used for: the WWTP? the pump stations? the collection system, apart from the pump station?	0444		0		

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM INSPECTION 4 of 12							
Cleaning logs Citizen Complaints Work orders Video tape of CCTV inspections Maps of problem areas Emergency response plan Training manuals — Irra — Liunco — I well Does the permittee have a grease control program? Does the permittee have a root control program? Do the maintenance records indicate recurring problems which the program does not seem to be effective in reducing?	स् वस्स्वव्यस्त्र		0 00000000	Eutofu 3igno Mup-I -letting into			
If so, describe: grease lines a restaurents, - & deing public	e out	reach					
work w/ county for paint works				·			
How many full time equivalent staff are dedicated to sewer cleaning and maintenance?		/	0				
What spare parts for pump stations and CSO regulators are kept in the WWTP invento - buy so needed - here blaings, great, eletionic	ry?						
D. Operation of the Collection System How many pump stations have a backup power supply? How many of these have: Dual feed? On-site generator? Off-site portable generator? How many pump stations have backup pumping capacity if the largest pump goes down? How many times has a pump fallure (or inadequate pumping capacity) resulted in a CSO How many pump stations have permanent flow meters? How many pump stations are monitored remotely? What is the annual operating budget for the collection system? Should be refund to the collection system? What type of training does the permittee provide to collection system personnel? What type of training does the permittee provide to collection system personnel?	7		st pui	teetment facility and play pumps. in 1999 putuatment facility Types, terrapa			
INPCA - for collection - all except 1							
Does the permittee have procedures for regulating diversion and bypass valves? If so, describe: 36" red walk - plant large byfers well							
(2) all others have have notes.							

How many employees currently hold State certification as collection system operators? What flow rate can the WWTP receive before additional flow adversely affects the system of the two the two the collection is added to discharge? At what precipitation level (e.g. 0.5 inches in 12 hours) will CSOs begin to discharge? Thin the thickett II. MAXIMUM USE OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM FOR STORAGE Has the permittee used a computer model to evaluate storage available in the system? If not, what evaluation has the permittee conducted to determine how storage can be not the system?	<u> </u>	<u>B</u>	id bug	t & - palle - hydraulie MGD remember remember
20 M 6 @ plant-dasins				
Does the permittee do a pre-storm drawdown of the WWTP wet well and interceptors to add additional wet weather capacity? Which, if any, of the following does the permittee use for storage of untreated sewage? Abandoned pipelines	, _	a		
Catch basins storage tanks Earthen basins First flush tanks In-receiving water flow balance In-sewer storage (e.g. raising weirs, regulator adjustment) Lagoons		स्वत्य विष्	00000	
Open concrete retention tanks Closed concrete retention tanks Storage tunnels and conduits				Belmant +
Which, if any, of the following does the permittee use to reduce storm water inflow: Area drain, foundation drains, and roof leader disconnection Basement sump pump redirection Flow restrictions and catch basin inlet modification Grassed swales and infiltration trenches Infiltration basins On-street surface storage Porous pavements Storm water detention basins Storm water infiltration sumps		व्यव्यव्यव्यव	0000000	Diricusal pla
If weirs have been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they bee	en raised?	NA		
What other practices has the permittee implemented to maximize storage?	NA			
D ityorbinance				

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STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM INSPECTION

	STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	I INSPECT	ION	6 of 12		
	Does the permittee require, through service agreements, that contributing separate sanitary sewer systems implement programs to reduce inflow and infiltration (I/I)? Does the permittee have any other programs for reducing I/I in portion of the system owned and/or operated by other entities?	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	III. Review and Modification of Pretreatment Requirements Does the permittee have a pretreatment program? What percentage of flow to the POTW is non-domestic? Has the permittee identified industrial users whose discharge could reach CSOs? If so, does the permittee have documentation of this evaluation? Has the permittee modified its pretreatment program to reduce IU discharge to CSOs? If so, do the modifications Prohibit batch discharges during wet weather? Require detention of industrial discharge during wet weather?				-netin	H6D(2) .050- tu from 18P ext-end 1991
Gruphy ja	Other: * debeloping local limits, submitted to DN	r.				
	If the permittee has not modified the pretreatment program, is it because the permittee Not performed any evaluation of how programs could be modified? Determined that IU discharge does not Impact CSOs? Determined that necessary requirements would be too costly for IU? Determined that necessary modifications would be technologically infeasible? Does the permittee have a process for periodic review of the pretreatment program?		00000	24 24 25 26	IDUR, B	FPA, Us
Вив -	IV. MAXIMIZATION OF FLOW TO THE WWTP Is the maximum wet-weather WWTP capacity reached during wet weather events? If a bypass is used, does the permittee monitor bypass flow rates? Is there any evidence that flows are discharged through CSOs and/or bypasses when the WWTP flow rate is below maximum capacity? Are other treatment units available for use during a storm event? Has the permittee determined the hydraulic capacity of each pump station? Has the permittee determined the hydraulic capacity of each influent sewer? Is pump station capacity smaller than interceptor capacity in any portions of the system.			00000	state IV	pet -some
	What other bottlenecks, if any, has the permittee identified in the collection system? High rivers years — garden are the configuration of the configuration of the collection system? Little of the collection of the collection system? NE Interprese —	ana)				
	Has the permittee upgraded any pump stations to increase capacity? Has the permittee identified any process limitation at the WWTP? If so, what are they — addressed in cambustian grant	<u>uz'</u> ?	0	<u> </u>	let 5 gre	3 sform -84 sens

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM IN	SPECTIO	N	7 of 12		
Has the permittee evaluated methods of providing partial treatment to a portion of the wet weather flow?		0		retention /	cents
V. <u>ELIMINATION OF DRY WEATHER OVERFLOWS</u>					
How does the permittee become aware of dry weather overflows (DWO)?					
atizen complaint - in duct questers at plant @ Coo- Nacart during inspection					
@ Coo- Nathet during inspection					
What are the most common causes of dry weather overflows? \mathcal{NA}					
What steps has the permittee taken to prevent dry weather overflows at problem location	ns? NA)			
no DWO in 5grs					
Do CSO warning signs provide a phone number for reporting dry weather CSOs? Does the permittee document dry weather overflows? Does the documentation include: Date and time of overflow Volume of overflow CSO identification number Cause of overflow Corrective action taken Does the permittee's documentation match reports to the permitting authority? Did the inspector observe dry weather overflows during the inspection?) ष्व्यव्यव्यव्य ।	00000000		<u>all punp</u> e 	
If so, at which CSO location(s)?		<u></u>			
VI. CONTROL OF SOLID AND FLOATABLE MATERIALS Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to control solids/floatables: Baffles Containment booms/barrier curtains Continuous deflective separation systems Floating.netting.units	\$ 00 0	AREC -		_Naukett 	
m by tell protocol					

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYST	rem inspect	ION	8 of 12		
In-line netting Skimmer vessels Screens/trash racks If end-of pipe controls are used, at which outfalls are they operated? How often are they cleaned or (for nets) replaced? How often does the permittee inspect these control structures? Does the permittee have documentation that these structures are regularly maintain	, ;	NA NA h-suff hedi d	blesin	plant byflis -	not in present tion preses
How does the permittee measure the effectiveness of its solids/floatables control of 1500 floatables c	method?				
How many complaints does the permittee receive annually about debris in the stream	m?	Ø-1	ptdee!	beity Ø.	in last Spe
How are such complaints recorded and investigated? Rentary make relation inchest for cause - determine who should case for	h sisue	n	e doc	umerts	
Water conservation Household hazardous waste collection Autumn leaf collection program		the sewers	°?	Peper	unty, ifady g-makisus to to landik
How does the permittee document that these methods were implemented?					·
VIII. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION Does the permittee have a written public notification plan? July June 1 DA Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to notify the public of Signs as CSO outfalls Signs at recreational areas Internet site	his II csos?	Ne Danababa	0 0000	I DANK Lity Lisonal	dofu F

Direct mail notification				
Reverse 911		122		
If signs are posted, what does the notice on each sign read? Let pretent -			-	
How does the permittee document that these methods were implemented?	leavor	int		
s public access to CSO-impacted waters restricted?				for flood water
X. MONITORING TO CHARACTERIZE CSO IMPACTS ON RECEIVING STREAM	MS ·			<i>C V</i>
Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to monitor the frequency and duration of CSO discharges?	,			
Installed sensors and telemetry			п	
Visual survey during scheduled inspections? —		₫⁄	<u> </u>	
Visual survey during wet weather?				
Citizen complaints?	, 02/			
Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to measure the impacts of CSOs on receiving streams?	of			
-Visual survey of receiving stream when CSOs are active		П		
Biosurveys		<u>D</u>	ö	<u>M</u>
Water quality sampling			_	
BOD/CBOD Total supposed as lide		2		
Total suspended solids Dissolved oxygen		D D		
Fecal coliform		EZ EZ		
E. coli		区区	ö	
enterrococci		E/		
Thich of the following parameters does the permittee record for wet weather CSOs?				
Time that CSO discharge commences		П	П	
Time that CSO discharge is discovered	2		ă	
Time that CSO discharge ceases	2 ′			
Estimated volume of CSO discharge		A		
Measured volume of CSO discharge Pollutants in CSO discharge		B		-dit in Dist E
re there parameters recorded for all CSO locations?			7	- una pre no
If not, for how many CSO outfalls are these parameters recorded?	 -	žtu A	west	Weensy Hadet 16
/hat volume of combined sewage is discharged through CSOs annually (if known)?	5/14	uz Zga	,7	inestead
hat volume of combined sewage is treated at the WWTP annually (if known)?	_	T		— deta en Rei l beause Hadel ne anesplaned
ffectiveness-of-Structural-Controls	GA	w de	A Luck	remente
is have distance mould be testing.		7	-	
LI JIMAI NIJAWANA WAWAYY	_			
if had disharge would do testing. Overflows at plant do test water when & ij - Farsh-Tesh -inginer.				

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM I	NSPECTI	ON	10 of 12	
Has the permittee conducted any pilot tests of structural controls? Has the permittee documented pollutant removal efficiencies? Has the permittee documented a reduction in CSO volume?			000	- diffusion
ATTACHMENTS Plus pullutand into street	m			
List of pump stations				
List of CSOs				
NMC language from permit or plan				
Schematic or other diagram of sewer system				
Documentation of NMCs				
Judicial or administrative order		Ø		

Sources:

P= Permit A=Application for permit L=LTCP

R=Reports submitted I=Interview of facility representative D=Direct observation

O=Other

ump Station ame/number	Rated Capacity (MGD)	Draw-down test performed?	Peak Dry Weather Flow (MGD)	Peak Wet Weather Flow (MGD)	Any backup pumps?	Any backup power?	Any flow meters?	SCADA?	Date of last pump station failure	To which CSO does the pump station overflow?	
hidine	1.8				У						
Buch	0.6	-			W						
Belinant	9.0			•							2.0m 6 E
Byrnebiae	0.15				У						
attle Congres	1.45				У] .
Ceden Tilman	0.40				Υ_						
David	0,20				У						
Dougles	1.15			-	γ						
Edward	6.0										
Forester											1
Jardin Lane	2.3				У						
gates	0.25				N						
Grunbine	1.15				У						
Hairett	0.75				У					i '	1
Hawkens	8.90				У						ĺ
Hry 63 South	1.15				У						
Milway Mtro	0.45										4

5W

5W

C50?

3W	Dwiney (3)	4.6
	In Louisme	
	Tower Pack	0.50
	Tringe Terrace	0,75
3W	Virbin Cruh	
	Triangle	0.30
	Virginia	0.85
ow	A. 6 19 Street	
	Webster	2.3
Z4/24	Dawhere	2.0
	Murantery	
	andsraugh	
-ho#	Hat May 57W	
	Independence	
	Stensp	
	Singula la	معام
35)		-

Herdingtown

Hwy 20 2212

AIRLINE

h . .

E MOTOR
Make - U.S. Electrical
H.P. 10
Phase 3 60 cycle
Frame 284UC
Type H.V.
Model SFI-1
Serial P41990541
R.P.M. 1200
Volts 220 or 440

R. Pump
Make Fairbank Morse
Model 5433B28
Head 33'
G.P.M. 420
Serial K2P1055969
Size 4"
Time on 30 sec. off 7 min
Discharge flow
G.P.M. 846.5
Rotation C.W.

W. MOTOR Same Serial P2419346

Controls Zimmer & Francescon Moline, IL Serial P1130 Type Bubbler

W. Pump Same Serial K2P1055969-1

Time on 30 sec. off Discharge flow G.P.M. 486 Rotation C.C.W. Age 1975

Building - Steel underground w/walking entry w/elevator that needs to be repaired to meet state inspection, (note) elevator does work. Fenced in, dehumidifier, alarm flashing light, high level Paint outside good, inside good.

Overall condition good.

BEECH

501 Glenwood

Motor Make-Lincoln Volt 220 Phase 3 H.P. 3 Serial Z13621

Pump American Well Aurora, IL Fig QMB Size 3 1/2" Serial 31957 Rotation C.W.

BELMONT 1985

. 1

Building - cement block 1 spac Mod. Emerson Chromolox heater w/50 amp w breaker 480v.3ph city water, 3 - ex. fans; 1- control room; 1 - ea. in wings for wet wells.

Condition of Building - Wing's sweat bad during cold weather, because of grates, they should be replaced with a solid type cover.

Wings need to be sandblast & paint.

Pump Control Panel

A & D Converter, dual setpoint line, logic, low integrator, pump module valve control. D & A converter digital display annunciator pressure switch. Pressure transducer over voltage protection. Elexon power supplies differential pressure transmitter Flygt floats Kent 4" chart recorder & totalizer #1 pump control module out ofr repair. All pump need pulled & oil checked.

OVERALL CONDITION FAIR

BYRNBRAE

S. Motor
Fairbank Morse
H.P. 2
Phase 3 60 cycle
R.P.M. 1731
Volts 220-440
Amp 6.3 3.15
Type OZKU
Frame TU224BV
Serial F96771

120

N. Motor Same Serial 796770

S. Pump Fairbank Morse Fig 5411 Discharge flow G.P.M. 125 Rotation C.W. Packing Size 3/8 N. Pump Same Serial 651513 Discharge flow G.P.M. 194 Rotation C.W.

Building - Tile Brick
Heater electric baseboard type
ex. fan dry well
Control Boxes
Old Cutler - hammer with fuses and starter in same box, needs to be
replaced, may go out anytime.

Level control old S.S. tape, type on stand with 2 mercury switch, high & low level

Pump's pipe motors all need paint

Pumps also need rebuiding

Overall condition - BAD

CATTLE CONGRESS

N. Motor
Fairbank Morse
2 speed
Type KNZKU-1
Frame 445UP
Serial F42775
Phase 3
Volt 440
Low speed
H.P. 33 Amp 41.1
R.P.m. 1175

N. Pump Fairbank Morse No name plate

Discharge flow G.P.M. 941 Rotation C.W. Bearing Top 5313 Bottom 1215

Building - Cement slab
No fence, roof leaks - concrete
Heater - electric portable
point - outside fair, Inside very bad
reparis - pumps need rebuilt, no alarm

OVERALL CONDITION - VERY BAD

CEDAR TERRACE

E. Motor
Make U.S. Electrical
H.P. 15
Frame 254TCV
Type AV
Cont. rating 60 C rise
Lower Bearing 6310J/C3

Same ex. below Serial F427744

Low Speed H.P. 19 Amp. 27.3 R.P.M. 880 High speed

Size Packing 5/8 V-Joint 330

S. Pump

Discharge flow G.P.M. 486 Rotation C.C.W.

Bottom S. pump 210/16 Sealmaster M.F.C. 47

800 Belle

W. Motor Same Serial R2074458 Upper Bearing 63072Z-J03 Design 3 Code G IDR - 3604-01-344 Serial R2074457 R.P.M. 1740

E. Pump
Size 4x4"
Figure 5442B
Stage 1
Frame
Imp. Dia 9 3/4
Serial K2W1077020
S32914
Discharge flow
G.P.M. 427

W. Pump Same Serial K2W1077020-4

G.P.M. 498

Building Fence, Underground w/dome
Paint - underground (ok) dome
Heater - chromalox 240V; dehumidifier Oasis
Control Box - Universal San. Equip. Mfg Co. Inc.
Breaker 2-80 amp Sq D 240 V; Starters Size 2 Sq D
Level Control (air flow meter)
USEMCO Mod 43
3 Meletron-pressure switch w/micro switch's-lead lay, High alarm
Air Comp. Rego Model ACL9711A

Pump #2 Rebuilt 2-8-91 w/Chestertron 1-2-3 seal

OVERALL CONDITION - GOOD

DAVID

S. Pump
Weil Submersible
Model 4-250214-1.5
Serial 273-112
H.P. 1.5
R.P.M. 1750
Phase 3 60 cycle
Volts 240
F.L.A. 6.40
Discharge flow
G.P.M. 158
Rotation C.W.

N. Pump Same Rotation C.W.

Discharge flow G.P.M. 178 Age 1981

DOUGLAS

N. Motor
Make Fairbank Morse
H.P. 5
Phase 3 60 cycle
Volts 208-220-440
Amp's 14.3 - 13.6 - 6.8
S.F. 1.15
Type KZKU
R.P.M. 1450
Frame 2KU215P
Serial F319119
Spec. T1018-2

N.Pump
Fairbank Morse
Size 4"
Head 19'
R.P.M. 750
G.P.M. 200
Serial 70769
Fig. 5412
6" Discharge flow 4.7
Rotation C.W.

EDWARDS

S. Motor Fairbank Morse H.P. 60 Phase 3 60 cycle F.L.R.P.M. 1175 Volts 208 220 240 Amp. 72.5 Type KZKU-1 Frame 4454P Spec T1361-1 Serial F 452521

S. Pump Fairbank Morse Size 12 G.P.M. 4500 Head 42' R.P.M. 1175 K2F31245 C.W. rotation

220

S. Motor
Make Fairbank Morse
Type QZU
Phase 3 60 cycle
Volt 220 44 amp
H.P. 5
R.P.M. 1150
Frame N.J. 284BV
Serial 356098

S. Pump Same Serial 381460 Rotation C.W.

Size Packing 3/8

Discharge flow 4.15

N. Motor Same Serial F452522

Size Packing 1/2

N. Pump Same Serial K2F31246

C.W. rotation Age 1961 5710

GARDEN AVE

120

S. Motor
Make Fairbank's-Morse
H.P. 15
Phase 3 Cycle 60
R.P.M. 865
Volts 208 - 220 - 440
Type AZAU-1
Frame 326 UP
Serial F410433
Spec T1028-18

N. Motor Same Serial F410432

Size Packing 5/8

S. Pump Make Fairbank's-Morse Size 6" Frame R.F. Serial K2C1169-3 Fig 54148 G.P.M. 1640 Head 25' R.P.M. 860 Discharge flow G.P.M. 2141 Rotation C.W. N. Pump Same Serial K2C11689 Discharge flow G.P.M. 1762 Rotation C.C.W.

U-Joint No. 369

Building Brick needs sandblast & sealed No fence Heater - electric baseboard; no alarm; paint - fair OVERALL CONDITION - FAIR

GATES

800 E. Donald

MOTOR

Make Lincoln Electric Serial Z13621 Frame C6 H.P. 3 Volt 440 R.P.M. 1200 Phase 3 60 cycle

Discharge flow G.P.M. 184 Rotation C.W.

GREENBRIER

W. DONALD 1586

E. MOTOR

Same

Serial F432797

W. Motor Fairbank Morse H.P. 7 1/2 Phase 3 60 cycle R.P.M. 860 Type KZKU-1 Frame 286UP Serial F432796 Volt 208-220=440 Spec T1027-20

> E. Pump Same

Serial K2E33814 Discharge flow G.P.M. 672

W. Pump Size 5" Frame 28 Serial K2E33813 Fig. 5413 A G.P.M. 750 Head 20' R.P.M. 860 Discharge flow G.P.M. 784

Building Brick, has been stuco No fence; heater - electric portable; Paint-outside good, inside fair No alarm

OVERALL CONDITION - GOOD

HACKETT ROAD

W. MOTOR
Fairbank Morse
H.P. 30
R.P.M. 1170
Volt 208-220-440
Type KZKU-1
Frame 365UP
Serial F431296
Spec T1252-1

R. MOTOR

Same

Serial F431297

Size Packing 5/8

W. Pump Size 4" Serial Zk2D35892 Fig. 5414A G.P.M. 500 Head 9.7 R.P.M. 1150 Discharge flow G.P.M. 599 Rotation C.W.

R. Pump

Same

Serial K2D35893 Discharge flow G.P.M. 520 Rotation C.C.W.

V-Joint No. 331

Building - Cement slab
No fence aroung building, fence around top of holding tank
Roof leaks. Concrete
Paint - inside fair; outside good
heater - electric baseboard, no alarm

OVERALL CONDITION - FAIR

HWY. 63 SOUTH

. .

Sergeant Rd. 3750

E. Motor
Marathon Electric
Model DE256TTDR
Frame 256
H.P.
Type TDR-BPV
Phase 3 60 cycle
R.P.M. 870
Volts 230-460
Serial 893373

W. Motor Same 7113 AAW Serial 893372

E. Pump Fairbank Morse Size 6 x 8 Fig. 5443 B Stage 1 Head 18' R.P.M. 860 Serial K 2 x 1078456

W. Pump Same Serial 2 x 1078456-1 Discharge flow G.P.M. 673 Age - 1975 Discharge Flow G.P.M. 556

Tile - Underground w/dome (steel)
Outside needs paint
Heater - Chromolox, 240V dehumidifier
Oasis does not work, Ex. fan

Control Panel Universal Sanitary Equip. Mfg. Co., Inc. 2-Sq D 45 amp breaker, 2 sq. size 1 starter

Level Control U.S.E.M.C.O.

Model 43 w/5 Honeywell pressure switch w/mercury switch, lead start, lead stop, log start, log stop & high alarm

Air flow meter, inch water gauge.

Air comp. Rego

#1 Pump Motor needs new bearings & also pump seal is leaking.

MIDLAND OR TITUS

S. Motor

Make - fairbanks - Morse Type KZKH H.P. 5 220 Volt R.R.M. 1170 Frame 2KU256P Serial F292289

S. Pump

Make Fairbanks Morse G.P.M. 300 18' head R.P.M. 1150 Size 4" Fig. 5412K Serial K64082 Discharge flow G.P.M. 335 Rotation C.W. Size Packing 3/8

Building - Cement slab
Roof leaks - Concrete
Heater - portable electric
No fence, no alarm
paint - outside-fair; inside-bad

OVERALLL CONDITION - FAIR

MIDWAY

S. Motor

Fairbank Morse H.P. 3 Phase 3 60 cycle Volt 208-220-440 R.P.M. 1165 Type KZKU Frame 2KZU215P Serial F377534 Spec. T1018-2

S. Pump

Fairbank Morse Size 4" Frame 25

WCF-N

N. Motor

Same Serial F292288

N. Pump

Same Serial K6480 (?) Rotation C.C.W.

Discharge flow G.P.M. 326

U-Joint 369 Top bearing 6308

4055

N. Motor

Fairbank Morse H.P. 5 Phase 3 60 cycle R.P.M. 1170 Volt 208-220-440 Type KZKU-1 Frame 256UPH Serial F403258 Spec. T1025-17

N. Pump

Same Serial K2Z11366 Discharge flow Serial K2Z11367 Fig. 5412A G.P.M. 225 Head 35' R.P.M. 1150 Discharge flow G.P.M. 326 Rotation C.C.W. G.P.M. 321.5 Rotation C.W.

Size Packing 3/8

Building - cement slab No fence, roof leaks; concrete, heater protable, no alarm, Paint pump & pipe need it, pumps need rebuilt.

OVERALL CONDITION - BAD

PARK RD.

301

N. Motor
Westinghouse
H.P. 15
Frame 324 U.P.
Model ABOD
Phase 3 60 cycle
Volt 440
Amp. 20
R.P.M. 885
Serial 2

S. Motor Same Serial 1

N. Pump Fairbank Morse Size 8" Model 5414B Amp dia. 13" Serial K2M104070 Discharge flow G.P.M. 1756 Rotation C.W. V-Joint No. 331

S. Pump Same Serial K2M104070-1 Discharge flow G.P.M. 1756 Rotation C.W.

Size Packing 5/8 Age - 1967

QUINCY

E. Motor #1
Westinghouse 2 speed
Volt 440 Phase 3
Flame 506UP
Model AIKP
H.P. 100 R.P.M. 885
H.P. 60 R.P.M. 705

Middle Motor #2
General Electric
Model SR6286XH157A
H.P. 125
Type K Code F
Frame 6286P20
Volt 460 Phase 3
Amp 157
R.P.M. 880
Serial MGJ 1201117
Age - 1963

W. Motor #3
Fairbanks Morse
H.P. 125 3 phase
60 cyc F.I. R.P.M. 882
Volts 440 A.M.P. 180
S.F. 1.15 Type KZKU-3
Frame 445
Serial V7529
Spec. 01501033

Pump #2
Fairbanks Morse
Propeller Pump
Stage #1 Size 24
Figure 6310
Total head 15.5 ft
Serial No. K252064581
R.P.M. 880
G.P.M. 1650

SAN SOUCI

Both pumps same

Hydro-matic Submerisible Model SP.GH500M3-3 Serial 80-38-024 Phase 3 Volt 230 Amp 17.0 H.P. 5

Type - Wet well w/sump pumps dry well w/check valves outside control panel Alarm - high level light & horn Paint - outside fair fenced in OVERALL CONDITION GOOD

TRIANGLE

E. Motor
Make General Electric
Model 5K256DL3046
H.P. 10
R.P.M. 1160
Volt 230460 Phase 3
Amp 23.5-14.3
Frame 256JH
Code H NO. G.P.

Pump #1
Fairbanks Morse
Propeller pump
Size 24 Frig. 6310W
Serial No. P2F3202
Imp. A357-3
Stage #1

Pump #3
Same
Stage #1 Size 24 Mod. 6310
Imp. A357 R.P.M. 880
G.P.M. 16500
Total Head 16.5 ft.
Serial No. T22017986

50

3500 SHAULIS

W. Motor Same E. Pump Make Fairbanks-Morse Size 4 x 6 G.P.M. 175 Head 51' Frame 25 Serial K3C1083307-1 Fig. B5433C Stage 1 R.P.M. 1160 Amp. 10.916 Discharge Flow G.P.M. 207 W. Pump Same

Serial K3C1083307

Discharge flow G.P.M. 189

Controls

2 sq D 50 A Breaker, Volts 240 2 Starters Furnace Size 1 3/4 Cat. #14EF 32AA81 Autocon control panel w/ 2-8204 P.D. switches Alt. 8208AA Limit alarm 8204AA high level only Power Supply 8201P.B.

Invention Ind. Uni-sonic

Echo control, for High on & low off level Sump pump .33 h.p. hydromatic Building fence - under ground w/ dome Paint underground (od) dome needs paint. No heater dehumidifier G.E. Sahara 20

Overall condition good

VIRGINIA

N. Motor
Make Fairbank Morse
No. F250819
Volts 220 440
Frame 2Ku286P
Code F
Spec T1027-1
H.P. 7 1/2
Type K34U

Same Serial F240529 N. Pump
Fairbank Morse
Size 4"
Fig. 5413
R.P.M. 860
Head 20'
G.P.M. 300
Serial K28522
Discharge flow
G.P.M. 643
Rotation CCW
All pumps rotation C.C.W.

Same Serial K28461

and a supplication of the supplication of the

Size packing 1/2 V-Joint 269

Discharge flow G.P.M. 621 Rotation C.W. Logan 836

Building - cement slab no fence, roof leaks; concrete heater - electric portable Paint - outside-fair; inside bad, no alarm repairs #1 pump noisy bearing

OVERALL CONDITION FAIR

HAWTHORNE

, . . -

N. Motor
U. S. Blectrical
H.P. 100
Phase 3 60 cycle
Frame 445TP
Type RU
Volt 460 Amp. 129
R.P.M. 885
I.D. 9907649-J-827
R2136896
NNR E24800245
Design B. Code G. Class F

<u>S. Motor</u> Same I.D. R2137357-846 E3040339M

N. Pump Aurora Serial V79-71442 Type 20LM Stage 1 G.P.M. 1350 Head 18' R.P.M. 880 Same Serial V78-72251

Tower Park St. & Holding tank

Type - Outside control panel wet well w/ submerisable pumps & dry well w/check valves & control valves for holding tank. Fenced in.

Year - 1989
Alarm - outside flashing light controlled by allen Bradley S.L.C. programmable controller.

OVERALL CONDITION - GOOD

Belmont

Major pumping station equipped with 2-million gallon flow equalization facility.

Previously served as an on-line pumping station for all of Sewer Service Area No. 16 (1,200 acres±), Sewer Service Area No. 18 (1,300 acres±) and the John Deere Engine Works and PEC.

Currently serves as an off-line pumping facility for flow equalization.

Station includes 6 non-clog submersible wastewater pumps with room for additional units. The present pumps include four 4-inch diameter pumps with 20 hp motors rated at 750 gpm each and two 6-inch diameter pumps with 35 hp motors rated at 1,700 gpm each.

Byrnbrae

Small pumping station serving approximately five acres of a residential neighborhood.

The station is equipped with two dry-pit wastewater pumps; each is a 3-inch pump with 1½ hp motor and a rated capacity of approximately 180 gpm.

ESTAT TOTTACE TRIANGLE

Serves approximately 180 acres of residential area in southeast Waterloo. Contains two dry-pit pumps each with 10 hp motors, 4-inch diameter x 6-inch diameter pumps rated at 175 gpm.

David Street

Small pumping station equipped with two submersible pumps with 1½ hp motors with discharge rated at approximately 150 gpm each.

Douglas

Serves approximately 60 acres of primarily residential development. Station is equipped with two 4-inch dry-pit pumps with 5 hp motors; rated capacity of 750 gpm each.

Edward Street

Assume this must be a storm water station.

Forrester

Assume this is storm water station constructed as part of flood control/highway improvements.

Garden Avenue

Major pumping station located at the intersection of Black Hawk Road, Garden Avenue and Ansborough Avenue. The area served consists of approximately 260 acres which is primarily residential development with some commercial. The pump station experiences overloading during wet weather.

It is equipped with two 6-inch diameter dry-pit pumps with 75 hp motors. The rated capacity of each pump is 1,640 gpm.

Greenbrier Pump Station

Small neighborhood pumping station serving approximately 50 acres of primarily residential development.

The station is equipped with two 5-inch diameter dry-pit pumps with 7½ hp motors; rated capacity 750 gpm each.

Hawkeye

Major pumping station located in southeast Waterloo. Contains three dry-pit pumps with space for one additional. Each pump is powered by a 75 hp motor and rated at 6,000 gpm.

Highway 63 South

Pump station serves primarily the John Deere Engine Works and PEC. The station is equipped with two 6-inch diameter dry-pit pumps with rated capacity of 700 gpm each.

Midway

Serves approximately 40 acres at the west edge of Waterloo developed primarily residential with some commercial flow.

The station is equipped with two 4-inch diameter dry-pit pumps having 5 hp motors and rated capacity of approximately 225 gpm each.

Park Road

Major pumping station in Waterloo serving all of service areas 10 and 15, approximately 1,700 acres.

The station is equipped with two 8-inch diameter dry-pit pumps with 15 hp motors. The existing rated capacity of each pump is 1,750 gpm. The station is also designed to include space for a third pump.

Quincy

Storm water pump station.

San Souci

Small pumping station serving approximately 5 acres of residential area. The station includes two submersible pumps.

Tower Park

Small pumping station serving an area in south Waterloo including a small flow equalization facility to alleviate downstream surcharging.

The station is equipped with two submersible non-clog wastewater pumps, each rated at 180 gpm.

Triangle Terrace (Assume this is Belle Street)

The station is a small neighborhood pumping station serving approximately 90 acres of residential area.

The station includes two 4-inch diameter dry-pit pumps equipped with 15 hp motors having a rated capacity of approximately 500 gpm each.

Virden Creek - Storm Water Pumping Station

Virginia Street

Major pumping station serving approximately 600 acres of northwest Waterloo.

The station includes two 4-inch diameter pumps powered by 7.5 hp motors with current rated capacity of approximately 600 gpm each.

West 6th Street - Storm Water Pumping Station

Webster

Pumping station serves approximately 300 acres of primarily residential area and pumps flow across Highway 63.

The station includes two 15-inch dry-pit pumps equipped with 15 hp motors. The existing capacity of each pump is approximately 1,650 gpm.

t/mpumpsta.amc

₹		•			
	WATERLOO LIFT STATIONS	PND PUMP	ING STATI	ONS	
Location	Name	Type	Year	Cont.	MF #
50 Sans Souci Dr.	Sans Souci San. Sewer Program	SAN	1979	192	MF 7450-7459
889 891 Belle St	Cedar Terrace Lift Station	SAN	1974	175A	MF 6648-6654
1220 Black Hawk Rd.	Huntington Rd. Lift Station #1 A.K.A. Garden Grove Lift Stati	SAN .on	1960	133	MF 1961-1985
3572 Cedar Terrace	Triangle Terrace Lift Station	SAN	1977	189	7545,7548,7556,7557
717 Falls Avenue	Falls Ave Lift Station	-GAN-	-1948	-71	MF 657 663,6761,6764 -8274 9443 9494
4055 Midway Drive	Huntington Rd. Lift Station #2	SAN	1960	133	MF 1961-1985
600 Orange Grove	Ansborough Dist. Lift Station	SAN	1957	111	8880 664-666,2236-2238,8153
1055 Virginia St.	San. Sewer Ext.& Lift Station	SAN	1954		MF 635-644,656
			· ·		•
2295 801 WCFGN OR	TITUS San. Sewer Ext.& Lift Station	San	1955	104	MF 2176-2183
-48-E. 7th-St.	ABANDONED E-7th St. Sanitary	SAN			MF 1857,3501
633 Randall St.	ABANDONED Relocation	-SAN-	1973-	-176	-MF 4119 4123 8880
-6551 Summit Ave.	ABANDONETS -1959 Sanitary Sewer Program -Reber Ave. Pumping Station	-SAN-	-1959-	-125-	-MF 2157-2162,6473 8880
3750 Sergeant Rd.	Deere Engine Plant Trunk Ext.	SAN	1975	184A	MF 7588-7595
	•	• •		• •	
2212 W. Airline	Hwy.57 West Sanitary Sewer	SAN	1968	166	MF 4124-4131
800 E. Donald	Gates Park San. & Lift Station	SAN	1956		MF 2753-2759
1586 W. Donald	Greenbrier San. & Lift Station	SAN	1962	145	MF 2021-2024,2817
	•				

2555 La Pozto Rd. Changed To: 3931 Texas St. Pump Sta. Hawkeye Tech Comp IIIA 162 4663-4679,4484,4490 SAN 1971 120 Byrnbrae St. SAN NO RECORDS 2749 Independence MF 12590-93;12599-1260 435 1992 Lagoon & Pump Station SAN

WATERLOO LIFT STATIONS AND PUMPING STATIONS

•	·	AND	PUMPIN	G STATIC	<u> </u>	• •
:	Location	<u>Name</u>	Туре	Year 1987 - Rela	Cont.	<u>MF #</u> F 10375-10377
719월	Linden Ave.	Independence @ ICRR Underpass	ST		М	F 3581- See under pass drawer in voult For Pump
1100	Idaho St.	Idaho St. @ C&GW RR Underpass	ST		N	O RECORDS Demils
220	Douglas St.	Sanitary Pumping Station	SAN		N	O RECORDS
501	Glenwood St.	Beech St. San. Lift Station	SAN		N	O RECORDS
740	Logan Ave.	Edwards St. @ Hwy.63 Underpass	ST	1961	M	F 6801-6806,8579-8580
301	Park Road	IPS Pumping Station	SAN	1967	76 M	F 8771-8777
242	N. Hackett	Sanitary Pumping Station#2	SAN	1960	137 M	F 8202,8205-82078196
242	N. Hackett	Pump Station Storage Basin	SAN	1980		F 8511-8517
	•		•			
836 [.]	Logan Ave.	Quincy St Virden Crk. Conduit	ST	1961	(M	F 4861-4862,4870-4873
·	63 43	<u> </u>				MF 8579-8580
Chang	Rainbow Dr. 1ed To: 220 Andborough Ave	Sanitary Pumping Station #1	SAN	1960	128 M	F 8190,8192-8195 8186
800	Logan Ave.	Webster St. Lift Station	SAN	1962	M	B579-8586
	Logan Ave	Lincoln - Ackermant Area(Stage I)	ST	1980	205 N	AF 8494-8501, 8770
450	Arlington	A.K.A. David St. Lincoln - Ackermant Area (Stage II)	SAN	1981	214 E	Æ 8676,7 8678
125	d To: 626 University Ave. Belmont Ave.	Highway 63 Pumping Station	SAN	1984	248	MF 8861-8880
1030	Sergeant Rd.	Hwy.63 Pump Sta. Storage Units	SAN	1986	255	MF 9493-9511
1410	W. Dunkerton Rd.	Country View Care Facility	SAN ·	1988	374	MF 10483-10485
4001	l Kimball	Tower Park Pump Sta. & Holding Tar	nk SAN	1988	346 M	F 10711-10718
71!	5 Mulberry St.	City Hall Sanitary Lift Station	SAN	1991	406 B	4F 11706-11710
	•		.		•	
1105	Stratford Ave.	SubdrainagemPump Station Galloway Park Detention Basin	TILE	1989	363 M	F 11846-11851,11858

•	WATERLOO LIFT STATIONS	AND 1	PUMPING	STATIONS	
Location	Name	Type	Year	Cont.	MF #
52'W. 15th St.	Flood Control Station P-5	ST	1980	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
50 E. 9th St.	Flood Control Station P-11	ST	1983	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
2430 Hawthorne	Flood Control Station P-6	s T	1980	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
255 Fletcher	Hope Martin/Flood Control Sta. P-2	ST .	1977	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
125 Forrester	Flood Control Station P-1	ST	1975	(See Plood	Protection Plans)
119 E. 1st St.	Flood Control Station P-9	ST	1980	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
18 Lafayette	Virden Creek/Maynard Station Flood Control Station P-8	ST	1980	(See Flood	Protection Plans)
80 W. 6th St.	Dry Run Seperation Sewers (Modified In 1983) Flood Control Station P-4	ST ST	1949 1983 1979	215 M	F 7955-7969 F 9315-9320 Protection Plans)
W.P.C. Plant 3505 Easton Ave.	Intermediate Clarifier & Pump St Ring Levee/Flood Control Sta. P-7	a. SAN	1990 1976		F 11743-11776 Protection Plans)
810 Water St.	E.6th St. District Storm Flood Control Station P-10	ST .	1949 1982	_ ·	F 3474-3501 Protection Plans)
26 Westfield	Miles St. Storm Sewer Flood Control Station P-3	ST ST	1947 1980		F 3506-3511 Protection Plans)
1610 W. 9th St.	Liberty Park/Dry Run Creek	st:	1979	99A M	F 8210-8215,8230
3256 W. 9th St.	Bontrager Park/Dry Run Creek	ST -	1979	99C M	F 8245-8265

STATISTICALLY VALID NONCOMPLIANCE RATE PROJECT - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM INSPECTION

12 of 12

CSO ID No	Modified to	Impacted by	RFLOW POINTS Any end-of-pipe	ID Nos. for	is outfall	DATE OF MO	ST RECENT:			}
·	maximize storage?	any IU?	solids/floatables control	upstream catch basins	posted with warning sign?	Inspection	Diversion chamber cleaning	Dry weather Overflow	WQ sampling of receiving stream	
010	У	Y	N	Plant	У					
004	У	N	N(?)	N	N					meu
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ret. bain Naskett



CITY OF WATERLOO, IOWA

WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES 3505 EASTON AVE. WATERLOO IA. 50707 TIM SHEA * SUPERINTENDENT

January 27, 2004

Mayor

TIMOTHY J.

HURLEY

Adam Schneiders

Iowa Department of Natural Resources

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Harry A. Wallace Building

Des Moines, IA 50319

Dear Adam.

(VACANT)

Ward I

As per our conversation on 1/27/2004, we are requesting your acceptance of our proposal to eliminate the CSO located at 3404 Easton Ave., Waterloo (WWTP) listed in our NPDES permit as Outfall 002.

CAROLYN

COLE

Ward 2 BUCK

We propose removing the opener and stem from the gate. The gate has not been opened in several years. The last attempt was in 1993 and that was unsuccessful. The gate is rusted shut and no attempts to open it will be made.

CLARK Ward 3

IOHN KINCAID Ward 4

With the addition of two retention ponds at the waste treatment plant, each capable of holding 10 million gallons of liquid, we no longer have need of this CSO. See attached drawings.

RON WELPER

Ward 5

We would like to request an amendment of our permit to reflect the removal of this

CSO.

GREENWOOD Thank you for your time and consideration.

At-Large

GUNDERSON Sincerely,

At-Large

Larry Smith Assistant Superintendent

COLLECTION SYSTEM SUMMARY

LIFT STATIONS:

We have a total of 44 Lift Stations.

- 23 Sanitary
- 18 Storm
- 3 Abandoned
- 44 Stations

The work that is described in the breakdowns can all be accomplished in house.

GATE WELLS:

We have a combined total of 109 flood gates and gate valves dispersed throughout the levee and flood control system. They are all in good working condition, with the exception of three (3) that need minor repairs that will be completed over the winter months.

GRIT REMOVAL-GRIT PROPELLER GEAR REDUCER - FIRST 10,000 HRS.

Task No. GR01

Tenant

Assigned By PAH

Assigned To

Scheduled Start Date 12/01/2003 12:10:41

Scheduled Finish Date 02/20/2004

Perform by Warranty No

Priority 3.00

Expense Class

Request Date 12/01/2003

Request Time 12:10:41

Originator

Telephone No.

Extension

WO Type PM

Completion Date _

Completion Time ___

Equipment No.	Equipment Description	Location	Sub-location 1	Sub-location 2	Sub-location 3
15-M-1-41-1	GRIT PROPELLER NO.1	RAW WASTEWATER PUMP BUILDING	15		GRIT REMOVAL
Item No. st extra parts and		escription	Qty Required	Date Used	Qty Use
		escription		Date Used	Qty Use
		escription		Date Used Regular Hours	

Safety Notes

Equipment No.

15-M-1-41-1

Task Instructions

LOCKOUT EQUIPMENT

REPLACE BREATHER PLUG WITH METRIC SIZED GREASE ZERK REMOVE DRAIN PLUG PUMP REPLACEMENT LUBRICANT INTO ZERK (LUBRIPLATE 5555 OR EQUAL 31bs 4 oz) FORCING LUBRUCANT IN THE REDUCER OUT THE DRAIN INSTALL DRAIN PLUG AND REPLACE BREATHER PLUG REMOVE LOCKOUT AND TURN ON POWER

USED 3 LBS. 4 OZS. AMOCO ULTIMATE SF00 GREASE



CHECK LIFT STATION FOR PROPER OPERATIONS

Task No. LS-RDS-W

Tenant

Assigned By PAH

Assigned To SRS

Scheduled Start Date 02/18/2004 00:00:00

Scheduled Finish Date 02/18/2004

Perform by Warranty No

Priority 3.00

Expense Class

Request Date 02/18/2004

Request Time 11:27:14

Originator

Telephone No. Extension

WO Type PM

Completion Date 🗷 **Completion Time**

timated Labor Hours
7.00

Equipment No.	Equipment Description	Location	Sub-location 1	Sub-location 2	Sub-location 3
LS-318	DAVID SAN LIFT STATION	450 W ARLINGTON	DAVID LIFTSTATION	318	MAIN
LS-302	CEDAR TERRACE- SAN LIFT STATION	800 BELLE ST.	CEDAR TERRACE LIFT	302	MAIN
LS-303	TRIANGLE-SAN LIFT STATION	3500 E. SHAULIS	TRIANGLE LIFT STATION	303	MAIN
LS-304	TOWER PARK SAN LIFT STATION	4001 KIMBALL AVE.	TOWER PARK LIFT	304	MAIN
LS-305	63 SOUTH SAN LIFT STATION	3750 SERGEANT RD.	63 SOUTH LIFTSTATION	305	MAIN
LS-306	BYRNBREA SAN LIFT STATION	120 BYRNBREA	BYRNBREA LIFTSTATION	306	MAIN
LS-309	GARDEN SAN LIFT STATION	1220 BLACK HAWK RD.	GARDEN LIFTSTATION	309	MAIN
LS-310	MIDWAY SAN LIFT STATION	4055 MIDWAY	MIDWAY LIFTSTATION	310	MAIN
LS-311	HACKETT SAN LIFT STATION	242 NORTH HACKETT RD	HACKETT LIFTSTATION	311	MAIN
LS-312	CATTLE CONGRESS SAN LIFTSTATION	100 RAINBOW	CATTLE CONGRESS LIFTSTATION	312	MAIN
LS-313	SAN SOUCI SAN LIFT STATION	50 SAN SOUCI DR	SAN SOUCI LIFTSTATION	313	MAIN
LS-314	VIRGINIA SAN LIFT STATION	1055 VIRGINIA	VIRGINIA LIFTSTATION	314	MAIN
LS-315	GREENBRIER SAN LIFT STATION	1586 W DONALD ST	GREENBRIER LIFTSTATION	315	MAIN
LS-301	HAWKEYE- SAN LIFT STATION	3900 TEXAS	HAWKEYE LIFTSTATION	301	MAIN
LS-317	TITUS SAN LIFT STATION	801 WCF&N DR	TITUS LIFTSTATION	317	MAIN
LS-416	BONTRAGER PARK STORM LIFT STATION	3256 W 9TH	BONTRAGER PARK LIFTSTATION	LS-416	MAIN
LS-319	PARK ROAD SAN LIFT STATION	301 PARK ROAD	PARK ROAD LIFTSTATION	319	MAIN

Work C	Order No. 0017499		02/13/200	4	11:32:37AM Page 2
LS-320	WEBSTER SAN LIFT STATION	800 LOGAN AVE	WEBSTER LIFTSTATION	320	MAIN
LS-321	GATES SAN LIFT STATION	800 E DONALD	GATES LIFTSTATION	321	MAIN
LS-322	DOUGLAS SAN LIFT STATION	220 DOUGLAS	DOUGLAS LIFTSTATION	322	MAIN
LS-323	BEECH SAN LIFT STATION	501 GLENNWOOD AVE	BEACH LIFTSTATION	323	MAIN
LS-324	HUNT/ WESSON SAN LIFT STATION	2534 W AIRLINE HWY	HUNT/ WESSON LIFTSTATION	324	MAIN
LS-325	LAGOON SITE	2749 INDEPENDENCE AVE.	LAGOON PUMPS	325	MAIN
LS-401	MILES STORM LIFT STATION	26 WESTFIELD AVE	MILES LIFTSTATION	401	MAIN
LS-402	EDWARDS STORM LIFT STATION	740 LOGAN AVE	EDWARDS LIFTSTATION	402	MAIN
LS-403	QUINCY STORM LIFT STATION	836 LOGAN AVE	QUINCY LIFTSTATION	403	MAIN
LS-404	WCFN STORM LIFT STATION	1400 LOGAN	WCFN LIFTSTATION	404	MAIN
LS-405	IDAHO STORM LIFT STATION	100 IDAHO	IDAHO LIFTSTATION	405	MAIN
LS-406	INDEPENDENCE STORM LIFT STATION	719 I/2 LINDEN AVE	INDEPENDENCE LIFTSTATION	406	MAIN
LS-316	AIRLINE SAN LIFT STATION	2212 W. AIRLINE HWY	AIRLINE LIFTSTATION	316	MAIN
Item No.	Equipment No. Descrip	otion	Qty Required		Date Used Qty Used
List extra parts and		rk Date First Nam	e Last Name		Regular Hours Overtime Hours
S'RS Hms	<u>LS ROS W 2</u>	18 10 4 18 104			7
Equipment No. TRIANGLE#1	LS-347 144.7 E#1 PUMP LS-343	#2 PUMP <u>8</u>	3161,2 3174,8 443.6 5151.4	- -	

Equipment No. LS-305 63 SOUTH #1 PUMP /732 #2 PUMP _158.8
Equipment No. BYRNBREA#1 PUMP 12 PUMP 991.
Equipment No. LS-309 #2 PUMP 18543.2
#3 PUMP
Equipment No. MIDWAY#1 PUMP 4708.2 #2 PUMP 4470.5
Equipment No. HACKETT#1 PUMP 245444 #2 PUMP 2626018
#3 PUMP 878.8
Equipment No. LS-312 20782.8 #2 PUMP /88/6/L
Equipment No. LS-313 34.9 #2 PUMP 45318
Equipment No. VIRGINIA#1 PUMP 476/26, 8 #2 PUMP 59884. 9
Equipment No. LS-315 GREENBRIER#1 PUMP 44567 #2 PUMP 3646
Equipment No. HAWKEYE#1 PUMP
#3 PUMP 45 32.4
Equipment No. TITUS#1 PUMP 468887 #2 PUMP 4691512
Equipment No. LS-416
CHECK TRASH RACK AT W 9TH AND PARK LANE. CLEAN IF NEEDED
Equipment No. PARK ROAD#1 PUMP 57460.8 #2 PUMP 57610.8
#3 PUMP / \$ 08,4
Equipment No. WEBSTER#1 PUMP
WEBSTER#1 PUMP #2 PUMP

Equipment No. GATES--#1 PUMP Equipment No. #2 PUMP _ DOUGLAS--#1 PUMP Equipment No. LS-323 BEECH--Equipment No. LS-324 HUNT/ WESSON--WWPUNP #1 1/35.5 WWPUMP #2 1281. 4 EQPUMP#2_3 29413

Equipment No. LS-325 LAGOON#1 PUMP 243 20.8 #2 PUMP 23	83 <u>4,</u> 9
#3 PUMP 30 196. 2	
#1 GAS BLOWER	11277.8
Equipment No. MILES#1 PUMP 2307.9 #2 PUMP 130	DO 4/27
Equipment No. EDWARDS#1 PUMP 11359.4 #2 PUMP 116	52.4
Equipment No. QUINCY#1 PUMP 15-403 #2 PUMP 64	8:8
Equipment No. 1515404 #2 PUMP 36	7.2
#3 PUMP 840.3	
Equipment No. LS-405 IDAHO	
Equipment No. LS-406 INDEPENDENCE#1 PUMP / 6 112.5 #2 PUMP	158636
Equipment No. AIRLINE#1 PUMP 3913.2 #2 PUMP 49	1077

Task Instructions

CHECK LIFT STATIONS FOR PROPER OPERATIONS, REPORT ANY PROBLEMS TO FOREMAN OR SUPERVISOR LIST ALL METER READINGS



Facility Name: Waterloo, City of STP Facility Number 079001

03-May OutFall No. 010

	y Number		EQUA	LIZATION	BASIN OVE	-	Outrall N		010	
D A Y	FLOW	СВС	DD	тѕ	s	NH3-N		pН	ТЕМР	
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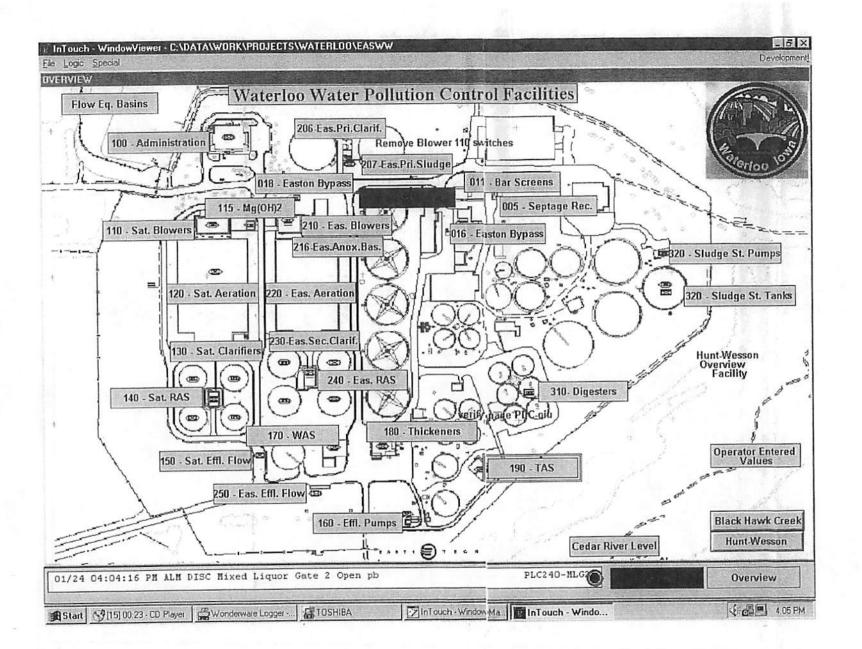
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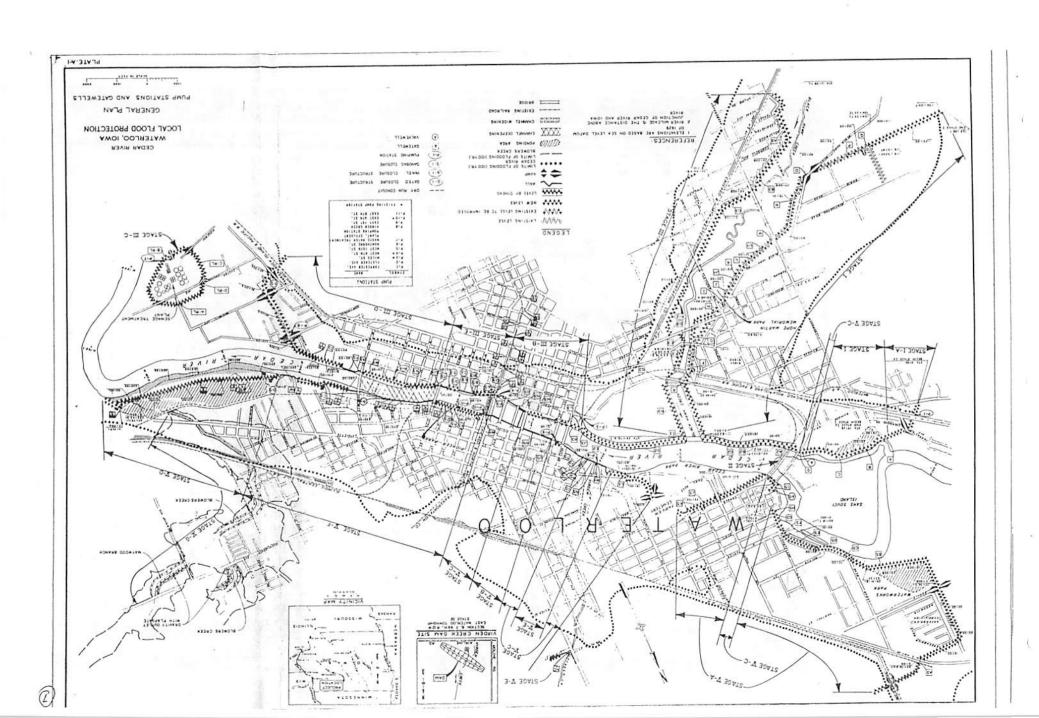
Facility Name: Waterloo, City of STP Facility Number 079001

03-Jul OutFall No. 010

Facilit	y Number	079001					OutFall N	lo.	010
	EQUALIZATION BASIN OVERFLOW								
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Avg	5.62	21.03	871	19	930	4.74	178		
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CITY OF WATERLOO, IOWA

WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES 3505 EASTON AVE. WATERLOO IA. 50707 TIM SHEA * SUPERINTENDENT

Mayor TIMOTHY J. HURLEY

COUNCIL MEMBERS

(VACANT)
Ward I

CAROLYN COLE Ward 2

BUCK CLARK Ward 3

JOHN KINCAID Ward 4

RON WELPER Ward 5

BOB GREENWOOD At-Larga

ERIC GUNDERSON At-Large Date:

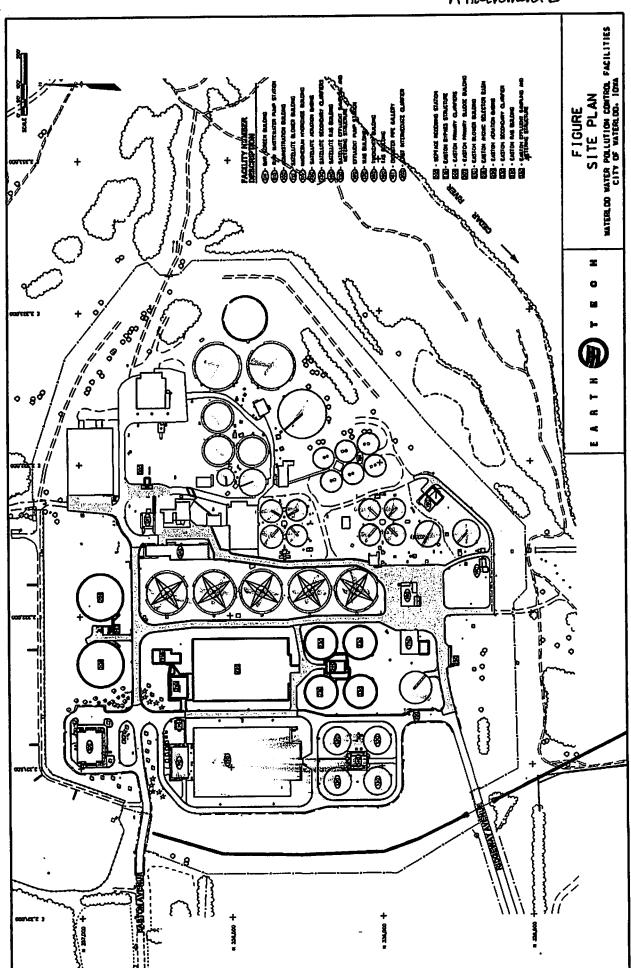
Feb 19, 2004

I took a random sample from the call mans log for one year (1997-1998) with the following results.

- 1) 418 calls were responded to
 - a) This would include sanitary, odor, catch basins, storm water and other miscellaneous calls.
- 2) Of the 418 calls 79 were reported to have been a plugged sewer main (sanitary)
- 3) 339 calls would be considered other calls or not a plugged sewer main
- 4) 19% of calls received during this period were due to plugged mains (sanitary)

EPA/DNR/ET/city Feb 18-04 Sign In city Asst Supt. 1) Larry Smith 2) Keith Kearns city · 3) Dennis Gentz City Engr Dept 4) ERIC THORSON CITY ENGA. OFFICE ENION VERN 5) BOB BANSEY 6) Mike Wash FDWR Ciny of WL Supt Wests Mynot Services Dept i 7) Tim Shex 9) Margie It Germain 10) Romann Cody EPA EPA City of Waterloo

A Hackment B



Authority not operational

ä-18-04	Hateloo STP	m	lus
0 - 4			
arrived at site at 1:1	3 fm.	ra i gari ay ay 44 alah kagamanga ama man a anamban bi 14 ki diki dikib bila kacab ama bi 14 ki dikib dikib.	
Presented cudentials	+ introduced Tong Petruska.		ann dig likyrtyrdini nira rintagan i galala 83 (1,6). A 1880, Alarad 888, Sala Asa, Well in ministra
attendeus - attached	tit to questioners		
Thate Mana si ment are	niers 3505 Graha Galano.	50702	
Eosten A	vices, 3505 Gaston Crenus, venue Treatment Plant.		
C50 septem	D. 1		401.
	Dewit Will	areas-intermittant C	20 TING
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2-19-64

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Field crew-

Noward Schmitz Stan Scha

Pump Station Inspection (1-12 pies)

- 1. record hours left in notebook at P.S.
- 2. Manually turn on lash purisp
 - listen for any unusual naire
 - water buildage

3. General upkup

4. Complete W.O. v inter enie computer (mPa)

Caught up with workardes - deln't have a lot to do. at this week

Paul Hirster - Computer + work arders

Plant Inspection (13-24 pecs)

Lab - sludge T35
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2/19/04 Statulos WWTP many Plant Inspection Interstry Satellite Headwarks (notin vu) - treading ber seren pH- mgOH Equalization Beain(2) Primary blankin(2)

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chennel

	List of documents
)	Combined sewer system operational plan (need a full copy)
	Map of area either w/ pump stations and/or outfalls (copy)
3,	Schematic of treatment plant & orafells (repsy)
	Tower Park - need tank size and surice area 2 sq miles
	# of back-up complaints annually (not counting 1993 + 1999)
	Test results of onesslaw from retention basins whin let 5 gro - at least one set of results (one copy)
	Observe "call man" book need a copy of a typical page as exert.
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CSO Inspection	Page 1 of 3
Outfall # Hawkey Lift Station	Date: 2-19-04
Address	Time: 7:35 am
☐ Pictures (2) ☐ Documents -hour logarly	
Type of outfall	
□ Flapgate	
□ Flood gate	
☐ Grit chamber	
Trach Dook/Doke	

Pump Station/Lift Station (# of pumps _____)

Other:

Diagram and Comments

1 3 pumps no track rack Cidar kinne

CSO Inspection	Page $\frac{2}{2}$ of $\frac{3}{2}$
Outfall # 004 - Parth Hamett	Date: 2-19-04
Address	Time: 9:15am
Pictures (8) Documents—hous + led-leg	*
Type of outfall ☐ Flapgate ☐ Flood gate ☐ Grit chamber ☐ Trash Rack/Rake ☐ Pump Station/Lift Station (# of pure of the chamber) ☐ Other: Multiple Line	mps
Diagram and Comments	(1eu) N ^d
anylan pump o	2 purifier Alarm light sign
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CSO Inspection

Page 3 of 3

Outfall #

Date: 2-19-04

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Danglas

Time: 8:35 am

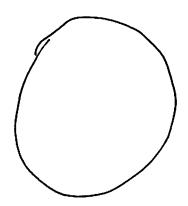
Pictures (2)

Documents hours

Type of outfall

- □ Flapgate
- □ Flood gate
- ☐ Grit chamber
- ☐ Trash Rack/Rake
- Pump Station/Lift Station (# of pumps _____)
- Other:

Diagram and Comments



2 pumps foot ball-bu system high livel light If you receive this fax in error, please call 563/927-2640. Thank you.

FAX

lowa Dept of Natural Resources Environmental Services Divis, Field Office No. 1 909 W Main – Suite 4 Manchester, Iowa 52057

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То:			From:	w/sh-
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STATE OF IOWA

THOMAS J. VILSACK, GOVERNOR SALLY J. PEDERSON, LT. GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
JEFFREY R. VONK, DIRECTOR

1. 3 2 5 2.51

STATE OF IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM AMENDMENT TO NPDES PERMIT

Iowa NPDES Permit #
Date of Issuance:
Date of Expiration:
Date of this Amendment:
EPA NUMBER:

0790001 September 10, 2002 September 9, 2007 <u>February 21, 2003</u> IA0042650

Name and Mailing Address of Applicant:

City of Waterloo City Clerk, City Hall 715 Mulberry Street Waterloo, IA 50703

Identity and Location of Facility:

City of Waterloo Wastewater Treatment Facility
Township 89 N, Range 12 W, Section 31, Black Hawk County

Pursuant to the authority Iowa Code Section 455B.174, and of Rule 567-64.3, Iowa Administrative Code, the Director of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources has issued the above referenced permit. Pursuant to the same authority the

Director hereby amends said permit as set forth below:

The permit is being amended to incorporate a compliance schedule deadline extension to submit the headworks analysis.

Please replace the current Major Contributing Industries Limitations, Monitoring and Reporting Requirements pages in the NPDES permit with the enclosed Major Contributing Industries Limitations, Monitoring and Reporting Requirements pages.

For the Department of Natural Resources:

WAYNE FARRAND, Supervisor

Wastewater Section

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION

WALLACE STATE OFFICE BUILDING / DES MOINES, IOWA 50319 515-281-5918 TDD 516-242-5967 FAX 515-281-6794 www.state.ia.us/dnr

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MAJOR CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. You are required to notify the department, in writing, of any of the following:
 - (a) 180 days prior to the introduction of pollutants to your facility from a major contributing industry. A major contributing industry means an industrial user of a treatment works that:
 - (1) Has a flow of 50,000 gallons or more per average workday;
 - (2) Has a flow greater than five percent (5%) of the flow carried by the treatment works receiving the waste;
 - (3) Has In its waste a toxic pollutant in toxic amounts as defined in standards issued under Section 307 (a) of the Clean Water Act and adopted by reference in Rule 62,5(455B); or
 - (4) Is found by the department in connection with the Issuance of an NPDES permit to have a significant impact, either alone or in combination with other contributing industries, on the treatment works or on the quality of effluent from the treatment works.
 - (b) 60 days prior to a proposed expansion, production increase or process modification that may result in the discharge of a new pollutant or a discharge in excess of limitations stated in the existing treatment agreement.
 - (c) 10 days prior to any commitment by you to accept waste from any new major contributing industry.

Your written notification must include a new or revised treatment agreement in accordance with rule 64.3(5)(455B).

 You shall require all users of your facility to comply with Sections 204(b), 307 and 308 of the Clean Water Act.

Section 204(b) requires that all users of the treatment works constructed with funds provided under Sections 201(g) or 601 of the Act to pay their proportionate share of the costs of operation, maintenance and replacement of the treatment works.

Section 307 of the Act requires users to comply with pretreatment standards promulgated by EPA for pollutants that would cause interference with the treatment process or would pass through the

Section 308 of the Act requires users to allow access at reasonable times to state and EPA inspectors for the purpose of sampling the discharge and reviewing and copying records.

- 3. You shall continue to implement the pretreatment program approved March 12, 1984 and any emendments thereto.
- 4. An annual report in the form prescribed by the Department is to be submitted by March 1st of each year describing the pretreatment program activities for the preceding calendar year.

1

MAJOR CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- 5. The City shall evaluate the adequacy of its local limits to meet the general prohibitions against interference and pass through listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a) and the specific prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(b). At a minimum this evaluation shall consist of the following:
 - (a) Identify each pollutant with the potential to cause process inhibition, pass through the treatment plant in concentrations that will violate NPDES permit limits of water quality standards, endanger POTW worker health and safety or degrade sludge quality.
 - (b) For each treatment plant, determine the maximum allowable hoadworks loading for each pollutant identified in item #5.a, that will prevent interference or a pass through.
 - (c) After accounting for the contribution of each pollutant from uncontrolled (i.e.: domestic/commercial) sources to each treatment plant, allocate the remaining treatment plant capacity to significant industrial users identified in the City's pretreatment program.
 - (d) Complete the evaluation and submit to the Department, by April 15, 2003 a report containing the following information:
 - A list of pollutants identified in item #5.a.. For each pollutant state the reason(s) for its inclusion (e.g. potential to cause interference, potential to cause pass through, etc.).
 - 2) The report shall contain all calculations used to determine the maximum allowable headworks loadings and shall identify the source(s) of all data used (e.g. literature value, site specific measurement, etc.).
 - 3) The contribution of each pollutant identified in item #5d. 1), to each treatment plant from uncontrolled sources and an explanation of how each contribution was determined.
 - 4) The allocation of the maximum allowable headworks loading for each pollutant to each treatment plant, and an explanation of how the allowable loadings will be allocated to significant industrial users regulated by the City's pretreatment program.





STATE OF IOWA

Thomas J. Vilback, governor Sally J. Pederson, Lt. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
JEFFREY R. VONK, DIRECTOR

July 2, 2001

City of Waterloo City Hall 715 Mulberry Street Waterloo, IA 50705

ATTENTION: Mayor and Council

RE: Wastewater Compliance Evaluation Inspection Facility No. 07-90-0-01

We have enclosed the inspection report prepared by our Field Office Staff and a copy for your wastewater operator.

You will find the inspection report self-explanatory. We encourage you to make every effort to comply with the recommendations. Please note that the City is required to submit a written plan as to how all the required sampling from the newly upgraded plant will be accomplished using only two effluent samplers when three separate sampling locations will be specified in the City's next NPDES permit. This sampling plan is due in this office by August 1, 2001.

Should you have any questions, do not hesitate to write or callithis office

Sincerely,

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION

Doug A. Hawker

Environmental Specialist

Encs.

cc: Wastewater Supt. – Tim Shea, Waterloo WPCP, 3505 Easton Ave. Waterloo, IA 50702 DNR - Wastewater Section - Des Moines Water Compliance Branch - U.S. EPA, Region 7, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101

Field Office 1, 909 West Main Suite 4, Manchester, IA 52057
 563/927-2640 FAX 563/927-2075

KO

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY INSPECTION

	Fic	eld Off	<u>ice 1 Man</u>	ches	iter	_			
NPDES Permit # 07-90)-0-01						· ·	ı	Page 1 of 5
FACILITY	NAME:					OWNER:			
	Waterloo Municipal Waste	water T		nt		City of Waterlee			
	ADDRESS:		CITY:		- 1	STATE:	ZIP:	F	HONE:
	City Hall, 715 Mulberry Street		Waterlo	0		Iowa	50705		
RECEIVING	STREAM NAME:								
STREAM	Cedar River								
INSPECTION	DATE THIS INSPECTION 5-17-01	N:		-		DATE LAST 7-10-00	INSPECTION	٠ ١:	
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INTERVIEWED	Keith Kearns				Operations Foreman				
	Roseanne Cory Larry Smith				Pretreatment Coordinator Asst. Superintendent				
	Joe Sanfilippo		DNR – FO #1						
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	ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST				ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST				
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Form WWins.dot File # 60790001

Facility Name: Waterloo Municipal WWTP

Inspection Date: 5-17-01

Page 2 of 5

Observations & Recommendations:

On May 17, 2001, I inspected the Wastowater treatment plant that serves the City of Waterloo. Below is a list of observations made and comments received during this inspection.

DESCRIPTION:

1. The present NPDES permit for this facility lists 10 separate discharge points. Outfall 001 is listed as the discharge from the "old" Easton Avenue Trickling Filter WWTP, outfalls 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, and 007 are listed as various lift station overflows located around the City. Outfall 008 is listed as the discharge from the "new" satellite activated sludge WWTP. Outfall 009 is listed as the river diffuser shoroline overflow. Outfall 801 is listed as the total treatment facility diffuser discharge. This is the combined discharge from Outfalls 001 and 008. The regulated discharges from the Waterloo WWTP discharge into the Cedar River through a cross-river diffuser. High river flows and their associated head pressure upon the cross-river diffuser can force the discharging water to go through the old original discharge canal as opposed to going out the diffuser. This was the situation on the date of this inspection.

PERSONNEL:

Current personnel at the Waterloo WWTP include:

Tim Shea - Grade IV - Wastewater Superintendent Keith Kearns - Grade II - Operations Foremun Larry Smith - Grade II - Collection Systems/Maintenance Supervisor Roseanne Cory - Grade II - Pretreatment Coordinator Brian Bowman - Grade III - Lab Tech. 2

Kathy Skillings - Grade II - Lab Tech. 1 Tina Knebel - Grade I - Lab Tech. 1

3. In addition, there are seven other operators in both maintenance and operations. Most of these operators have their Grade II licenses. However, operator Brian Rath has a grade IV operator's license. All personnel are encouraged to continue to work towards obtaining their Grade III and IV licenses.

EASTON AVENUE (OLD) PLANT:

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4. The Easton Avenue Plant is currently treating about ½ of the total domestic wastewater flows from the City. Wastewater comes to the Easton Avenue Plant through a dedicated "domestic" sewer main. The flows are initially treated by two traveling bar screens that are alternated weekly. These bar screens are located in the new headworks building. Rags and screenings are currently loaded directly into a garbage truck and taken to the Blackhawk County Landfill for disposal. This building was added on to after it had been originally built to enable the garbage trucks to be fully enclosed during cold weather. A new pump station has been built at this location during the past year which is allowing the other ½ of the total domestic flows to be pumped to the industrial

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- satellite WWTP. This is being done to take the pressure off the old domestic WWTP during the ongoing construction activities.
- 5. Currently two out of six of Easton's primary clarifiers remain in operation, two have been completely removed, and two remain on standby. These are not scheduled to be used again in the future and all remaining primary clarifiers will need to be eventually demolished. The two largest roughing filters remain in operation. Three roughing filters have been discontinued with one being completely filled in with rubble and the other two still in existence but soon to be filled in.
- 6. One of two intermediate clarifiers still exists and is in operation. The newer of the two intermediate clarifiers is presently being renovated into a sludge storage tank. This will be one of the only presently existing treatment units of the old Easton Plant that will be used once the new treatment facilities come on line.
- 7. Domestic flows then go to the three remaining standard rate trickling filters. Out of the original ten trickling filters, five have been totally removed and two have been filled in place. From the trickling filters, the treated wastewater goes to the final clarifiers. Of the seven final clarifiers, the original four are still being used. Clarifiers #5 and #6 are off line and have been filled in place. The newest final clarifier (#7) has also been taken off line and there are no plans to return it to service. This clarifier will also be filled in place in the future.
- 8. The final discharge from the old Easton Avenue plant was very clear. This discharge joins with the final flows from the industrial satellite plant prior to being discharged into the Cedar River. As noted earlier in this report, high flow levels in the Cedar River due to upstream rainfall were preventing the discharges from going out through the cross-river diffuser. The final discharge flows were going out the old discharge canal. The water quality appeared to be fairly clear, however, a great deal of foam was being generated within the discharge canal.

INDUSTRIAL SATELLITE PLANT:

- 9. Wastewater from the IBP anaerobic pretreatment lagoon and from Eagle Tanning's pretreatment facility flows through a dedicated industrial sewer main to the lift station wet well located in the pump and grit removal building. From here it is pumped to the magnesium hydroxide building and ultimately into the agration basins. In addition about ½ of the normal domestic flow to the Easton Avenue portion of the WWTP is being pumped to the satellite plant for treatment during the ongoing construction project. Both agration basins are currently on line. The blending of the domestic flows into this treatment system is allowing the city to not operate the magnesium hydroxide feed system at this time. The influent sampler for the industrial plant has been moved from the pump building over to the magnesium hydroxide building.
- 10. The flows from these acration basins enter into four final clarifiers. At the time of this inspection all four final clarifiers were in use.
- 11. The final discharge from these clarifiers then goes into a flow metering and monitoring channel prior to combining with the effluent from the Easton Avenue Plant. The discharge on this date appeared to be very clean and clear.

SOLIDS HANDLING:

12. Sludge from both the Easton Avenue Plant and the Industrial Satellite Plant (after being thickened) are ultimately treated in six old digesters. Four of these have been operated as primary digesters and two are operated as secondary digesters. The treated sludge is then pumped to the filter press

- building and dewatered with a pair of filter presses. Filtered sludge is ultimately land applied on area farm ground by Nutri-Ject Company, a contract waste hauler.
- 13. A major renovation project is currently underway which will ultimately result in the complete refurbishment of the digester complex. This project includes the construction of a new control building, the installation of four new fixed digester covers and two new floating covers, and the installation of new heat exchangers in each digester. This will turn the system into a Thermophilic/mesophilic treatment system.

STORM WATER RETENTION BASIN:

14. The two cell storm water retention continues to be utilized during wet weather conditions. At the time of this inspection, there was some water within these basins due to recent precipitation events. This water was to be bled back through the treatment plant in the near future. The storm water retention basins are operating as designed with no significant areas of concern.

IBP ANABROBIC PRETREATMENT LAGOON:

15. Since the last inspection, the damaged cover on this treatment unit has been completely removed and replaced. The City continues to flare off the accumulating methane gas. Some electrical control work was being done at the time of this inspection. The City continues to feed magnesium bisulfite into the discharge coming from the anaerobic lagoon prior to it's entry into a dedicated sanitary sewer line going to the industrial satellite plant. This helps keep the hydrogen sulfide levels in check and helps reduce the associated odors.

LAB CERTIFICATION:

16. Waterloo has been certified by UHL personnel for wastewater analysis.

NEW CONSTRUCTION:

17. The new domestic treatment plant (Easton Avenue Plant) project is currently over 85% complete. Estimated dates for final completion vary from the end of July to the end of September. Once the new treatment facilities are brought on line, all domestic flow will go to the "new" Easton Avenue Plant with the discharges from IBP and Eagle Tanning going to the satellite industrial plant. It appears that these two plant will have an excessive amount of treatment capacity for the foresecable future.

COMPLIANCE:

- 18. A review of the monitoring reports since the date of the last inspection, shows that the Waterloo WPCP has routinely remained in compliance with all permit discharge limitations. The combined discharge from the two wastewater plants continues to be of very good quality.
- 19. On this date, it was noted that the new effluent sampling station for the Waterloo WPCP will consist of an automatic sampler on the domestic (Easton Plant) discharge line and an automatic sampler on the industrial (satellite) discharge line. Apparently, these two samplers will combine their samples in a single collection vessel which will then be analyzed as the final discharge from the entire plant. It is anticipated that a new NPDES permit will soon be issued to Waterloo that

IOWA "SPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESO" CES

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit

PERKITTER

IDENTITY AND LOCATION OF PACIFIC

CITY OF WATERLOO CITY CLERR, CITY HALL 715 MULBERRY STREET WATERLOO, IA 50703 WATERLOO CITY OF STP Section 31, T 89M, R12W BLACK HAWE County, Iowa

NOWA NPDES FERRIT MINISTRE

0790001

RECEIVING STREAM

CADAR RIVER

DATE OF ISSUANCE:

09-10-2002

ROUTE OF FLOW

DATE OF REPIRATIONS

09-09-2007

Ur Rm

YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILM

FOR RESIDUAL OF THIS PERMIT BY: 03-13-2007

EPA MUNHER: IA0042650

This paralt is issued pursuant to the authority of section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C 1342(b)), Iowa Code section 455B.174, and rule 567--64.3, lowa Administrative Code. You are authorized to operate the disposal system and to discharge the pollutants specified in this permit in accordance with the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other terms set forth is this permit.

You may appeal any conditions of this permit by filing a written notice of appeal and request for administrative hearing with the director of this department within 30 days of your receipt of this permit.

Any existing, unexpired lows operation permit or lows NPDES permit previously issued by the department for the facility identified above is revoked by the issuance of this permit. This provinion does not apply to any authorization to discharge under the terms and conditions of a general permit issued by the department or to any permit issued exclusively for the discharge of storm water.

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Wayne Farrand, Sapervisor

Wastewater Section

ENVIRONMENTAL BERVICES DIVISION

Outfall Number	Description
001	EASTON AVENUE ACTIVATED SLUDGE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PACILITY.
002	COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW LOCATED AT GATE ON 60 INCH LINE AHEAD OF BAR SCREEN.
004	COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW LOCATED AT THE HACKETT ROAD LIFT STATION.
800	SATELLITE ACTIVATED SLUDGE WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY.
009	RIVER DIFFUSER SHORELINE OVERFLOW
018	EQUALIZATION BASIN OVERFLOW
801	TOTAL TREATMENT FACILITY DIFFUSER DISCHARGE.

Facility Name: WATERLOO CITY OF STP

Parmit Number: 0790001

Permit Number: 0790001

OUTFALL NO.: 801 TOTAL TREATMENT FACILITY DIFFUSER DISCHARGE.

You are prohibited from discharging pollutants except in compliance with the following efficient limitations:

			EFFLUENT LINITATIONS							
			Concentration			LIMITATIONS				
Wastewater Parameter	Season	Туре	7 Day Average	30 Day Averses	Dally Maximum	Units	7 Day Average	30 Day Average	Daily Maximum	Units
CBODS	YEARLY	FINAL	40.0000	25.0000		HG/L	11609.00	7256.00		LBS/DAY
CBOD5			85 PERC	NT REMOV	L REQUIRE	EO				
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIOS	YEARLY	FINAL	45.0000	30.0000		MG/L	13060.00	8707.00		LBS/DAY
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIOS			85 PERC	NT REMOV	AL REQUIR	EO .				
AMMONIA NETROGEN (N)	MAR	FINAL		30.0000	108.0000	NG/L		4986.00	18342.00	LBS/DAY
AMMONIA NETROGEN (N)	APR	FINAL		21,0000	79.0000	NG/L		3510.00	14327.00	LBS/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	MAY	FINAL		18.0000	78.0000	MG/L		2955.00	14127.00	L8S/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	NUC	FINAL		11.0000	77.0000	MG/L		1927.00	13842.00	LBS/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	JUL	FINAL		14.0000	87.0000	MG/L		2277.00	15622.00	L8S/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	AUG	FINAL		12,0000	73,0000	MG/L		2076.00	13621.00	L8S/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	SEP	FINAL		13.0000	94,0000	NG/L		2216.00	16619.00	LBS/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	ост	FINAL		30_0000	93,0000	NG/L		5008.00	16317.00	LBS/DAY
ANDRONIA NITROGEN (N)	NOV	FINAL		38.0000	78.0000	MG/L		6266.00	13935.00	LBS/DAY
AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	DEC	FIHAL		45.0000	93,0000	MG/L		7417.00	16416.00	LBS/DAY
PH (MININUS - MAXIMUM)	YEARLY	FIHAL	6,0000		9.0000	STO UNLTS				
ACUTE TOXICITY, CERIODAPHNIA	YEARLY	FIHAL	ļ					1.00		MON TOXIC
ACUTE TOXICITY, PINEPHALES	YEARLY	FINAL						1.00		HON TOXIC
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NOTE: If apasonal limits apply, summer is from April 1 through October 31, and winter is from November 1 through March 31.

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Permit Number: 0790001

- (a) Samples and measurements taken shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored wastewater.
- (b) Analytical and sampling methods as specified in 40 CFR Part 136 or other methods approved in writing by the department, shall be utilized.
- (c) Chapter 63 of the rules provides you with further explanation of your monitoring requirements.
- (d) You are required to report all data including calculated results needed to datermine compliance with the limitations contained in this permit. This includes daily maximums and minimums, 30-day averages and 7-day averages for all parameters that have concentration (mg/1) and mass (lbs/day) limits. Also, flow data shall be reported in million gallons per day (MGD).
- (e) Results of all monitoring shall be recorded on forms provided by, or approved by, the department, and submitted to the department by the fifteenth day following the close of the reporting period. Your reporting period is on a monthly basis, ending on the last day of each month.

Outfall Number	Nastewater Parameter	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Nonitoring Location
	FLOW	7/WEEX	24 HR TOTAL	RAW WASTE
001	CB0OS	3/WEEK	24 HR COMP	RAY WASTE
001	BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (BODS)	3/NEEK	24 HR COMP	RAW WASTE
001	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	3/WEEK	24 HR COMP	RAW WASTE
001	PH (HININUM - MAXINUM)	3/NEEK	GRAB	RAW WASTE
001	TENPERATURE	3/WEEK	GRAB	RAW WASTE
001	CBODS	3/MEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	3/MEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	1/WEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	PH (HINIMUM - MAXIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	CADMIUM, TOTAL (AS CD)	HTMONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	CHROMIUM, HEXAVALENT (AS CR)	1/MONTH	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	COPPER, TOTAL (AS CU)	1/HONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	CYANIDE, TOTAL (AS CH)	1/MONTH	GRA8	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	LEAD, TOTAL (AS PB)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	MERCURY, TOTAL (AS HG)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	SILVER, TOTAL (AS AG)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	SETTLEABLE SOLIDS	3/MEEK	GRA8	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	TEMPERATURE	3/WEEK	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	ZINC, TOTAL (AS ZN)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	ACUTE TOXICITY, CERIODAPHNIA	1/12 MONTHS	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT

Permit Number: 0790001

- (a) Samples and measurements taken shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored wastewater.
- (b) Analytical and sampling methods as specified in 40 CFR Part 136 or other methods approved in writing by the department, shall be utilized.
- (c) Chapter 83 of the rules provides you with further explanation of your monitoring requirements.
- (d) You are required to report all data including calculated results needed to datermina compliance with the limitations contained in this permit. This includes daily maximums and minimums, 30-day averages and 7-day averages for all parameters that have concentration (mg/1) and mass (lbs/day) limits. Also, flow data shall be reported in million gallons per day (MGO).
- (e) Results of all monitoring shall be recorded on forms provided by, or approved by, the department, and submitted to the department by the fifteenth day following the close of the reporting period. Your reporting period is on a monthly basis, anding on the last day of each month.

Outfall Number	Westerston Berenden	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Markon Lander
001	Wastewater Parameter ACUTE TOXICITY, PIMEPHALES	1/12 MONTHS	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
001	H (MININUM - MAXIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	DIGESTER CONTENTS
001	ALKALINITY, TOTAL (AS CACOS)	2/WEEK	GRAB :	DIGESTER CONTENTS
001	TEMPERATURE	3/WEEK	GRA8	DIGESTER CONTENTS
091	VOLATILE ACIDS	2/WEEK	GRAB .	DIGESTER CONTENTS
001	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (WINIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
001	SOLIDS, MIXED LIQUOR SUSPENDED	3/NEEK	GRA8	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
001	TEMPERATURE	3/WEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
001	SO-WINUTE SETTLEABILITY	3/WEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
800	C60D5	3/WEEK	24 HR COMP	RAW WASTE
008	BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (80D5)	3\AEEK	24 HR COMP	RAW WASTE
800	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIOS	3/MEEK	24 HR COMP	RAW WASTE
008	PH (MINIMUM - MAXIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	RAN WASTE
008	TEMPERATURE	3/AEEX	GRAB	RAW WASTE
008	FLOW	7/WEEX	24 HR TOTAL	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	CB006	3/MEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	3/WEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
OOB	AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	1/WEEK	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
908	PH (MINIMUM - MAXIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	CADMIUN, TOTAL (AS CD)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	CHROMIUM, HEXAVALENT (AS CR)	1/MONTH	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT

Parmit Number: 0790001

- (a) Samples and measurements taken shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored wastewater.
- (b) Analytical and sumpling methods as specified in 40 CFR Part 136 or other methods approved in writing by the department, shall be utilized.
- (c) Chapter 63 of the rules provides you with further explanation of your monitoring requirements.
- (d) You are required to report all data including calculated results needed to determine compliance with the limitations contained in this permit. This includes daily maximums and minimums, 30-day averages and 7-day averages for all parameters that have concentration (mg/1) and mass (lbs/day) limits. Also, flow data shall be reported in million gallons per day (MGD).
- (e) Results of all monitoring shall be recorded on forms provided by, or approved by, the department, and submitted to the department by the fifteenth day following the close of the reporting period. Your reporting period is on a monthly basis, ending on the last day of each month.

Outfall		Sample	Sample Type	Monitoring Location
Number OD8	Wastewater Parameter COPPER.TOTAL (AS CU)	Frequency 1/MONTH		FINAL EFFLUENT
000				
008	CVANIDE, TOTAL (AS CN)	1/MONTH	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	LEAD, TOTAL (AS PB)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
800	MERCURY, TOTAL (AS HG)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
000	SILVER, TOTAL (AS AG)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
800	SETTLEABLE SOLIDS	3/WEEK	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
800	TEMPERATURE	3/WEEX	GRAB	FINAL EFFLUENT
800	ZINC, TOTAL (AS ZN)	1/MONTH	24 HR COMP	PINAL EFFLUENT
008	ACUTE TOXICITY, CERIODAPHNIA	1/12 MONTHS	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
008	ACUTE TOXICITY, PINEPHALES	1/12 MONTHS	24 HR COMP	FINAL EFFLUENT
908	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (MINIMUM)	3/MEEX	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
800	SOLIDS, MIXED LIQUOR SUSPENDED	3/WEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
800	TEMPERATURE	3/MEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
008	80-MINUTE SETTLEABILITY	3/WEEK	GRAB	AERATION BASIN CONTENTS
009	FLON	7/WEEK		REPORT OVERFLOW AS PER SPECIAL LIMITS & MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.
801	STREAM FLOW	7/WEEX		STREAM FLOW AT GAGE
801	FLOW	7/WEEX	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	C80D5	3/WEEK	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	3/WEEK	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	AMMONIA NITROGEN (N)	1/WEEK	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	PH (HIHIMUM - MAXIMUM)	3/WEEK	GRAB	COMBINED EFFLUENT

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Permit Number: 0790001

- (a) Samples and measuraments taken shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored wastemater.
- (b) Analytical and sampling methods as specified in 40 CFR Part 136 or other methods approved in writing by the department, shall be utilized.
- (c) Chapter 63 of the rules provides you with further explanation of your sonitoring requirements.
- (d) You are required to report all data including calculated results needed to determine compliance with the limitations contained in this permit. This includes daily maximums and minimums, 30-day averages and 7-day averages for all parameters that have concentration (mg/1) and mass (lbs/day) limits. Also, flow data shall be reported in million gallons per day (NGD).
- (a) Results of all monitoring shall be recorded on forms provided by, or approved by, the department, and submitted to the department by the fifteenth day following the close of the reporting period. Your reporting period is on a monthly basis, ending on the last day of each month.

Outfall		Sample	Sample	
Number	Wastewater Parameter	Frequency	Type	Monitoring Location
801	CADMIUM, TOTAL (AS CO)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	CHROMIUM, HEXAVALENT (AS CR)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	COPPER, TOTAL (AS CU)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	CYANIDE, TOTAL (AS CH)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	LEAD. TOTAL (AS PB)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	MERCURY, TOTAL (AS HG)	1/MONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	SILVER, TOTAL (AS AG)	1/HONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	ZINC, TOTAL (AS ZN)	1/HONTH	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	ACUTE TOXICITY, CERIODAPHNIA	1/12 MONTHS	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	ACUTE TOXICITY, PINEPHALES	1/12 HONTHS	CALCULATED	COMBINED EFFLUENT
801	CBOD5	3/WEEK	CALCULATED	TOTAL RAW WASTE
801	BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (8005)	3/MEEK	CALCULATED	TOTAL RAW WASTE
801	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	3/MEEK	CALCULATED	TOTAL RAW WASTE
1				

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Outfall

Rumber Description

801 CBOD5

DAILY FLOW SHALL BE MEASURED AT THE EASTON AVENUE AND THE SATELLITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS. THE DAILY FLOW MEASURED AT EACH PLANT SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY RECYCLE FLOWS. THE TOTAL DAILY FLOW SHALL BE CALCULATED FOR THE TREATMENT WORKS AND BE USED TO CALCULATE THE MASS (LBS/DAY) OF EACH POLLUTANT DISCHARGED FROM THE TREATMENT WORKS.

801 08005

DAILY FLOW MEASUREMENT AND 24-HOUR COMPOSITE SAMPLES ARE REQUIRED AT EACH INFLUENT LINE TO THE EASTON AVENUE AND SATELLITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS TO DETERMINE THE DAILY FLOW (MGD) AND MASS (LBS/DAY) OF CBOOS, BOOS, AND TSS RECEIVED BY EACH PLANT. THE TOTAL DAILY TREATMENT FACILITY INFLUENT LOAD FOR FLOW, CBOOS, AND TSS SHALL THEM BE CALCULATED.

Facility Name: Waterloo, City of NPDES Permit number: 0790001

Special Limits and Monitoring

Flow-Proportional Sampling for Outfall 801:

Flow proportional sampling is achieved by drawing samples from each of the plant effluents (001 and 008) and combining them into a single sample bottle. The use of flow-proportional sampling is acceptable if it demonstrates that a representative sample of the combined final effluent (Outfall 801) is achieved. This means both flow-proportional sampling and combined calculated monitoring will be completed simultaneously for at least 6 months to determine if the flow-proportionate sampling is accurate. A report shall be submitted to the Department for review. If the report indicates accurate sampling, then simultaneous sampling can be discontinued and flow-proportional-sampling will be acceptable.

Flow-proportionate sampling requirements will not apply if the effluent grab samples and 24-hour composite samples specified by this permit are collected at a common sampling point located prior to the diffuser where flows from the Easton Avenue and Satellite Plants are combined.

Diffuser Shoreline Overflow (Outfall 009):

No discharge from diffuser shoreline overflow is permitted when the stream flow in the Cedar River is less than 1,500 CFS as measured at the USGS gage No. 5-464000 in Waterloo.

The permittee shall monitor when discharges from the diffuser shoreline overflow occur and report the day or days when this overflow is used and the corresponding river flow in CFS for the days overflow is used.

Diffuser Performance & Bathymetric Report:

Annually, the City is required to submit to the Department a report demonstrating that the diffuser is uniformly distributing the effluent across the low flow channel in the Cedar River. The report shall include field data collected during low river flow conditions characterizing the spatial mixing of the effluent with river flow within 100 feet downstream of the diffuser pipe.

The report shall also characterize the bathymetric scatures (river depths) of the entire river cross section along the diffuser and any proposed adjustments to the active diffuser ports to comply with the designed operation of the diffuser in the low flow channel. Ninety days following any adjustments to the location of the active diffuser ports, the City shall submit a report (similar to the requirement above) demonstrating the uniform distribution of the effluent in the low flow channel.

Design Capacity - Standard Conditions

Facility Name: City of Waterloo

Page 10

NPDES Permit number: 07-90-0-01

Outfall Number: 001 Easton Avenue Activated Sludge Wastewater Treatment Facility.

Outfall Number: 008 Satellite Activated Sludge Wastewater Treatment Facility.

Outfall Number: 801 Total Treatment Facility Diffuser Discharge.

The design capacity for the treatment works for Outfall 001 is specified in the Construction Permit #98-361-S issued August 21, 1998. The treatment plant is designed to treat an average dry weather (ADW) flow of 12.7 million gallons per day (MGD), an average wet weather (AWW) flow of 26.7 MGD, and a maximum wet weather (MWW) flow of 36.0 MGD. The design 5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅) load is 30,000 lbs./day.

The design capacity for the treatment works for Outfall 008 is specified in the Construction Permit #95-317-S issued July 7, 1995. The treatment plant is designed to treat an average dry weather (ADW) flow of 5.3 million gallons per day (MGD), an average wet weather (AWW) flow of 8.1 MGD, and a maximum wet weather (MWW) flow of 11.1 MGD. The design 5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅) load is 58,000 lbs./day.

The design capacity for the combined treatment works for Outfall 801 is an average dry weather (ADW) flow of 18.0 million gallons per day (MGD), an average wet weather (AWW) flow of 34.8 MGD, and a maximum wet weather (MWW) flow of 47.1 MGD. The design 5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅) load is 88,000 lbs./day.

Wastes in such volumes or quantities as to exceed the design capacity of the treatment works or reduce the effluent quality below that specified in the operation permit of the treatment works are considered to be a waste which interferes with the operation or performance of the treatment works and are prohibited by rule IAC 567—62.1(7).

Facility Name: Waterloo, City of Permit Number: 07-90-0-01

Outfall Number: 801 Total Treatment Facility Diffuser Discharge.

Ceriodaphnia and Pimenhales Toxicity Effluent Testing

- 1. For facilities that have not been required to conduct toxicity testing by a previous NPDES permit, the initial annual toxicity test shall be conducted within three (3) months of permit issuance. For facilities that have been required to conduct toxicity testing by a previous NPDES permit, the initial annual toxicity test shall be conducted within twelve months (12) of the last toxicity test.
- 2. The test organisms that are to be used for acute toxicity testing shall be Cerlodaphnia duhia and Pimephales promelas. The acute toxicity testing procedures used to demonstrate compliance with permit limits shall be those listed in 40 CFR Part 136 and adopted by reference in rule 567-63.1(1). The method for measuring acute toxicity is specified in USEPA. 1993. Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Fourth Edition. Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, Ohio August 1993, EPA/600/4-90/027F.
- 3. The diluted effluent sample must contain a minimum of 9.4 % effluent and no more than 90.6 % of culture water.
- 4. One valid positive toxicity result will require quarterly testing for effluent toxicity.
- 5. Two successive valid positive toxicity results or three positive results out of five successive valid effluent toxicity tests will require a toxic reduction evaluation to be completed to climinate the toxicity.
- A non-toxic test result shall be indicated as a "1" on the monthly operation report. A toxic test result shall be indicated as a "2" on the monthly operation report. DNR Form 542-1381 shall also be submitted to the DNR field office along with the monthly operation report.

Ceriodaphnia and Pimenhales Toxicity Effluent Limits

The 30 day average mass limit of "I" for the parameters Acute Toxicity, Ceriodaphnia and Acute Toxicity, Pimephales means no positive toxicity results.

Definition:

"Positive toxicity result" means a statistical difference of mortality rate between the control and the diluted effluent sample. For more information see USEPA, 1993, Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Fourth Edition. Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, Ohio August 1993, EPA/600/4-90/027F.

Revised: July 31, 1996 cwf

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS

Facility Name: Waterloo, City of

NPDES Permit Number: 07-90-0-01

The collection system for the City of Waterloo consists of combined storm and sanitary sewers (CSS) with combined sewer overflows (CSO) at the following outfalls:

- Outfall 002 Combined Sewer Overflow located at Gate on 60-inch line ahead of Bar Screen, which discharges to the Cedar River.
- Outfall 004 Combined Sewer Overflow located at the Hackett Road Lift Station, which discharges to the Cedar River.

This permit incorporates these discharge points as permitted CSO outfalls and authorizes wet weather discharges from these outfalls with the following the special conditions:

1. The City of Waterloo shall develop and submit no later than six months from the issuance date of this permit a combined sewer system operational plan which provides for all actions necessary for implementation of the Nine Minimum Controls detailed within the CSO Control Policy published as Final Policy in the April 19, 1994 Federal Register. The Nine Minimum Controls are:

3/10/03

- 1. Proper operation, and regular inspection and maintenance programs for the sewer system and the CSOs to reduce the magnitude, frequency, and duration of CSOs.
- 2. Maximum use of the collection system for storage to reduce the magnitude, frequency, and duration of CSOs.
- 3. Review and modification of pretreatment requirements to assure CSO impacts are minimized from nondomestic dischargers.
- 4. Maximization of flow to the POTW for treatment during wet weather conditions to reduce the magnitude, frequency, and duration of CSOs.
- 5. Prohibition of CSOs during dry weather conditions.
- 6. Control of solid and floatable materials in CSOs.
- 7. Pollution prevention program to reduce the impact of CSOs on receiving waters.
- 8. Public notification to ensure that the public receives adequate notification of CSO occurrences and CSO impacts.
- Monitoring CSO outfalls to effectively characterize CSO impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls.

For technical guidance in developing the CSS operational plan refer to the Combined Sewer Overflows-Guidance for Nine Minimum Controls (EPA 832-B-95-003, May 1995).

2. The City of Waterloo shall implement those actions identified in the CSS operational plan necessary to comply with the Nine Minimum Controls as soon as possible but no later than twenty-four (24) months from the issuance date of this permit.

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS - COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS

- 3. The City of Waterloo shall submit a report documenting those actions taken, as identified in the CSS operational plan, for implementing the Nine Minimum Controls as soon as possible $\frac{q}{1/0}/b4$ but no later than twenty-four (24) months from the issuance date of this permit.
- 4. The City of Waterloo shall submit a Long-Term Control Plan (LTCP) that will include the following elements:
 - a) CSS characterization which is based on:
 - 1) Rainfall records review:
 - 2) CSS records review;
 - 3) CSO and water quality monitoring;
 - 4) Identification of sensitive areas; and
 - 5) CSS analysis and its impacts on the receiving water body.
 - b) Development and evaluation of CSO control alternatives based on:
 - 1) Development of CSO control alternatives;
 - 2) Evaluation of CSO control alternatives;
 - 3) Cost/performance considerations; and
 - 4) Public participation.
 - c) Selection and implementation of LTCP based on:
 - 1) Implementation schedule;
 - 2) Operational plan; and
 - 3) Post-construction compliance monitoring plan.

For technical guidance in developing the LTCP refer to the Combined Sewer Overflows-Guidance for Long-Term Control Plan (EPA 832-B-95-002, September 1994).

5. The City of Waterloo shall submit the LTCP within thirty-six (36) months from the issuance 4/10/05 date of this permit.

- 6. The City of Waterloo shall not discharge any pollutant at a level that causes or contributes to an in-stream excursion above the numeric or narrative criteria developed and adopted as part of the State of Iowa's water quality standards in accordance with 567-61.3(455B).
- 7. This permit may be modified or revoked and reissued, as provided pursuant to 40 CFR 122.62 and 124.5, for the following reasons:
 - a. To include new or revised conditions developed to comply with State or Federal law or regulation that addresses CSOs that is adopted or promulgated subsequent to the effective date of this permit.
 - b. To include new or revised conditions if new information, not available at the time of permit issuance, indicates that CSO controls imposed under the permit have failed to ensure the attainment of the State water quality standards.
 - c. To include new or revised conditions based on new information generated from the long-term control plan.

In addition, this permit may be modified or revoked and reissued for any reason specified in 40 CFR 122.62.

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MAJOR CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. You are required to notify the department, in writing, of any of the following:
 - (a) 180 days prior to the Introduction of pollutants to your facility from a major contributing industry. A major contributing industry means an industrial user of a treatment works that:
 - (1) Has a flow of 50,000 gallons or more per average workday;
 - (2) Has a flow greater than five percent (5%) of the flow carried by the treatment works receiving the waste;
 - (3) Has in its waste a toxic pollutant in toxic amounts as defined in standards issued under Section 307 (a) of the Clean Water Act and adopted by reference in Rule 62.5(455B); or
 - (4) Is found by the department in connection with the issuance of an NPDES permit to have a significant impact, either alone or in combination with other contributing industries, on the treatment works or on the quality of effluent from the treatment works.
 - (b) 60 days prior to a proposed expansion, production increase or process modification that may result in the discharge of a new pollutant or a discharge in excess of limitations stated in the existing treatment agreement,
 - (c) 10 days prior to any commitment by you to accept waste from any new major contributing industry.

Your written notification must include a new or revised treatment agreement in accordance with rule 64.3(5)(4558),

 You shall require all users of your facility to comply with Sections 204(b), 307 and 308 of the Clean Water Act.

Section 204(b) requires that all users of the treatment works constructed with funds provided under Sections 201(g) or 601 of the Act to pay their proportionate share of the costs of operation, maintenance and replacement of the treatment works.

Section 307 of the Act requires users to comply with pretreatment standards promulgated by EPA for pollutants that would cause interference with the treatment process or would pass through the treatment works.

Section 308 of the Act requires users to allow access at reasonable times to state and EPA inspectors for the purpose of sampling the discharge and reviewing and copying records.

- You shall continue to implement the pretreatment program approved March 12, 1984 and any amendments thereto.
- 4. An annual report in the form prescribed by the Department is to be submitted by March 1st of each year describing the pretreatment program activities for the preceding calendar year.

MAJOR CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- 5. The City shall evaluate the adequacy of its local limits to meet the general prohibitions against interference and pass through listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a) and the specific prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(b). At a minimum this evaluation shall consist of the following:
 - (a) Identify each pollutant with the potential to cause process inhibition, pass through the treatment plant in concentrations that will violate NPDES permit limits of water quality standards, endanger POTW worker health and safety or degrade sludge quality.
 - (b) For each treatment plant, determine the maximum allowable headworks loading for each pollutant identified in item #5.a. that will prevent interference or a pass through.
 - (c) After accounting for the contribution of each pollutant from uncontrolled (i.e.: domestic/commercial) sources to each treatment plant, allocate the remaining treatment plant capacity to significant industrial users identified in the City's pretreatment program.
 - (d) Complete the evaluation and submit to the Department, by February 15, 2003 a report containing the following information:
 - A list of pollutants identified in item #5.a.. For each pollutant state the reason(s) for its inclusion (e.g. potential to cause interference, potential to cause pass through, etc.).
 - 2) The report shall contain all calculations used to determine the maximum allowable headworks loadings and shall identify the source(s) of all data used (e.g. literature value, site specific measurement, etc.).
 - 3) The contribution of each pollutant identified in item #5d. 1). to each treatment plant from uncontrolled sources and an explanation of how each contribution was determined.
 - The allocation of the maximum allowable headworks loading for each pollutant to each treatment plant, and an explanation of how the allowable loadings will be allocated to significant industrial users regulated by the City's pretreatment program.

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SLUDGE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall comply with all existing Federal and State laws and regulations that apply to the use and disposal of sewage sludge and with technical standards developed pursuant to Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act when such standards are promulgated. If an applicable numerical limit or management practice for pollutants in sewage sludge is promulgated after issuance of this permit that is more stringent than a sludge pollutant limit or management practice specified in existing Federal or State laws or regulations, this permit shall be modified, or revoked and reissued, to conform to the regulations promulgated under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act. The permittee shall comply with the limitation no later than the compliance deadline specified in the applicable regulations.
- 2. The permittee shall provide written notice to the Department of Natural Resources prior to any planned changes in sludge disposal practices.
- 3. Land application of municipal sewage sludge shall be conducted in accordance with criteria established rule IAC 567-67.1 through 67.11(455B).

Altachmand F

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Statistically Valid Noncompliance Rates Project FY 2004 Nine Minimum Controls for Combined Sewer Overflows

Facility Name:	Waterloo STP
Facility Address:	3505 Easten . Thatulae, 1A 50705
NPDES Permit No.:	IA 0042650
Date of Inspection:	2/3-4/04
Inspector Name:	Margie St. Jermain
Phone Number:	413-551-7209
Permitting Authority:	Jawa Department of Natural Ressures

(Submit completed forms to the EPA Regional Enforcement Coordinator on a quarterly-basis.)

CSO Nine Minimum Control Requirements							
Requirement	Does the permit or enforcement agreement require: A-Implementation of the control? B-Documentation of the control? C-Both? D-Neither?	2) Has adequate documentation of the control been submitted? Y/N	3) Is the control implemented Y/N* Due 9/10/04	4) Is the control effective?			
Proper operation and regular maintenance programs for the sewer system and CSO outfalls	C	Υ .	y	Y			
Maximum use of the collection system for storage	٥	Y	У	Y			
Review and modification of pretreatment requirements to ensure that CSO impacts are minimized	Č	Y	У	Y			
Maximization of flow to the POTW for treatment	C	Y	Y	У			
Elimination of CSOs during dry weather	C	y runian 7 5gro	У	Y			
Control of solid and floatable materials in CSOs	C	Y	Y	Y			
Pollution prevention programs to reduce contaminants in CSOs	C	7	Y	У			
Public notification	C	l y	Y	N			
Monitoring to effectively characterize CSO impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls	C	y - basins	Y	Y			

^{*}Implemented means that controls in place are consistent with the expectations of the permitting authority based on the language in the permit (or other enforceable document) and NMC documentation submitted.

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**The Effectiveness Factor is your determination that if the implement controls will ensure any overflows that occur do so only as a result of wet weather and that the impacts of the CSOs on receiving streams have been minimized.

Long-Term Control Requirements								
6) Does the permit or enforcement agreement require the development of a long-term control plan? Y/N	7) If Yes, has the CSO started to develop the plan? Y/N	8) If Yes, has the CSO begun to implement the plan? Y/N	Comments					
Y	Y-due 9/10/2005	N						

Three outfalls existed within the Haterlas STP. One outfall was deconnected and reported to the state during the inspection. The equalipation basin outfall is the result of flow direction after the plant headwarks. Theyare, this is a plant bypass point, not a CSO. The last outfall at Hackett Street does not have a combined system—it is upstream of all lambined areas, and is not a CSO. Hackett street Pamp Station is an SSO.

Haterlas has some remaining combined lines in their system with all flows going to the plant without an appartunity for devicion as overflow. Thaterlas should not be considered as a C50 community.

Attachment 6

Guidelines for Bypass Reporting & Response lowa DNR Environmental Services Field Office 1 – Manchester, Iowa

Listed below are the rules in the Iowa Administrative Code that apply to bypass reporting:

567—63.6(455B) Report of bypass.

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63.6(1) Except for bypasses that occur as a result of mechanical failure or acts beyond the control of the owner, owners of waste disposal systems shall obtain written permission from the department prior to any bypassing of any sewage or wastes from the waste disposal system.

63.6(2) In the event that bypassing of sewage or waste occurs as a result of mechanical failure or acts beyond the control of the owner (other than rain or other precipitation), said owner shall notify the department by telephone of the bypassing within 12 hours of the time of the discovery of the bypassing. The owner shall comply with the instructions of the department calculated to minimize the effect of the bypassing on the receiving water of the state.

63.6(3) Bypasses other than those described in this rule shall be reported in the records of operation.

Public Notification for Bypass Events

Notification to the affected public shall be made for any bypass, except for precipitation related events.

The Field Office shall make the necessary notifications if a drinking water supply (Class C), primary contact recreation (Class A), high quality water (Class HQ), public use areas, or other sensitive areas are downstream of the bypass. The bypasser is required to make other notifications within 4 hours after being notified by the Department. If the bypasser refuses to make necessary notifications, this department will make the appropriate notifications. Notification information should include the following:

- ♦ When the bypass occurred or was discovered
- ◆Location of the bypass
- ◆Cause of the bypass
- ◆ Estimation of quantity bypassed
- ◆ Duration or expected duration of the bypass event
- ♦ Water body affected
- ◆Anticipated impact of the bypass (water quality and/or human exposure risks)

At a minimum, the groups listed below must be contacted:

- 1. Media
 - ◆ Daily Newspaper if available
 - ◆ Area Radio and/or Television Station
- 2. Local Board of Health
- 3. Area DNR Conservation Officer
- 4. Local County Naturalist or Conservation Board
- 5. Downstream Livestock Water Users

It is strongly recommended that precipitation related bypass events also be reported to this department within the same 12 hour period, especially when there is a high human exposure risk from the bypass. For precipitation bypass events, this department will make all notifications that are deemed necessary by the department.

A copy of the information provided to the news media must be attached to monthly operation reports (MORs) that are submitted to this field office. In addition, the times when the notifications to the affected public where made should also be included on the MORs.

Monitoring

Water samples of the actual wastewater that was bypassed or if this is not feasible, raw waste entering the plant must be collected and analyzed for ammonia, CBOD5, and fecal bacteria.

Disinfection

The Department may require temporary disinfection by chlorination depending on volume/duration of bypassing, stream classification and use and time of year in which the public may be using the stream (i.e. class A waters used for canoeing, tubing, fishing).

Cleanup

The Department may require the cleanup of debris and waste materials deposited in the area impacted by the bypass. In conjunction with the cleanup, the department may require lime application to the ground surface or disinfection of the area with a chlorine solution (recommend a minimum chlorine concentration of 100 mg/l).

Phone Contacts

The bypass should be reported to a department staff person, a voice mail message is not acceptable. You can contact the Manchester Field Office by telephone at (563) 927-2640. After normal office hours contact the 24-hour emergency response number (515) 281-8694. Field Office staff will assist in providing additional phone numbers, including Conservation Officers and County Conservation Boards, upon request.

♦ Every reasonable effort must be made to prevent any raw waste from discharging to a water of the state, for any type of bypass.